Cooch Behar Panchanan Barma University

Syllabus of P.G. in History Under NEP 2020 (NCCF)

Department of History

Effective from the session 2026-2027

Approved by the Post-Graduate Board of Studies on 13.07.2026

Cooch Behar Panchanan Barma University
Panchanan Nagar, Vivekananda Street,
Cooch Behar West Bengal, India-736101

COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY Syllabus for Department of History Under NEP 2020(NCCF) [Total Marks: 1600 (100 marks X 16 papers), carrying 80 credits in total] w.e.f. 2026 - 2027

Title and Commencement: These Regulations shall be called the Cooch Behar Panchanan Barma University regulations for NEP- 2020 (NCCF) [Total Marks: 1600 (100 marks X 16 papers), and Contiguous Assessment Grading Pattern (CAGP) for Post-Graduate (PG) Degree Programmes.

- These Regulations shall be applicable to all candidates admitted into the fulltime post-graduate programme run under Cooch Behar Panchanan Barma University.

- The M. A. Courses of study will be two types of two years and one year duration and divided into four semesters each of six months duration.

- There will be four papers in each semester. This course of study under NEP -2020 (NCCF) system is being introduced from the calendar year 2026-27 with a view to provide a comprehensive understanding of the subject taught at Post- Graduate level.

- There will be four types of Courses in M.A. in History.

A. Core Courses, marked in Code as "CC". These will be mandatory for all students of M.A first and second semester in History.

B. Elective Courses: There are two types of Elective subjects:

1. **Discipline Centric Electives [ABBREVIATED AS DCE]** and 2. **Generic Elective Subjects [ABBREVIATED AS GES].** These will be offered only to the students of Semester First and Second. These will be open for all Master's level students of the Faculty of Arts, irrespective of their departments. However, recognition and Permission from the Mother Department will be necessary.

C. Course Work Paper marker as 'CWP'. There shall be three Course Work Paper marked as 'CWP'. These papers will be offered to the students of Third Semester of two years PG course and First Semester students of One-year PG course.

D. **Research Paper marked as 'RP'** will be mandatory for all students of M.A Third and Fourth Semester of two years Course and One-year PG Course.

The Third students the students of two years course and First Semester students of one-year course will be offered three Course Work Papers (ABBREVIATED AS CWP) and one Research Paper (ABBREVIATED AS RP) namely **Term Paper.** In the Semester Fourth of two years course and second semester of one-year course, the students will be offered **Four Research Papers** (ABBREVIATED AS RP), out of them three would be theoretical paper and one would be **Dissertation.**

Structure of Curriculum of M.A. in History Under NEP-2020 (NCCF) w.e.f. Session 2026-2027

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
CC-1	Research Methodology and Ethics	75	20	5	100	5
CC-2	History of North Bengal (Colonial Period)	75	20	5	100	5
CC-3	Indian Social and Political Thoughts	75	20	5	100	5
Discipline Centric Elective (DCE) Any one	History of Religious Ideas	75	20	5	100	5
	Themes and Debates in Modern Indian Society, Politics and Culture: 18th -20th century					
	History of Contemporary World since 1919 to C.E. 1939.					
		300	80	20	400	20

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	Marks			Total	CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	100	
CC-4	Historiography	75	20	5	100	5
CC-5	History of North Bengal (Post-colonial Period)	75	20	5	100	5
CC-6	History of Anti-Colonial Movements in India (1857-1947)	75	20	5	100	5
GENERIC ELECTIVE SUBJECTS (GES)	History of Education in India since Independence	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Women's Studies (Indian Perspective)					

Any one	History of Contemporary World (1945 A.D.-1991 A.D.)					
		300	80	20	400	20

SECOND YEAR

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Course Work paper (CWP- I)	Principle of History	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-II)	History of Environment and Ecology in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)					
Course Work paper (CWP-III)	i.Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D.) ii.Political History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D) iii.Political History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper(RP-I)	Term Paper /Project	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Research paper (RP-II)	History of Contemporary India (C.E.1947-2000)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper (RP-III)	History of Science Technology and Medicine in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)					
Research paper(RP-IV)	i.Socio-cultural and Economic History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D) / ii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D)/ iii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D.)	75	20	5	100	5
Final Submission Research Work (RP-V)	Final Dissertation	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

ABBREVIATIONS:
ESE = End Semester Examination(75marks)
CE = Continuous Evolution (Written Test, Viva-voce, Seminar, Assignment) (20 Marks)
A = Attendance(5Marks)
CC = Core Course (600 Marks each paper of 100 Marks)
DCE= Discipline Centric Electives (100 Marks)
GES= Generic Elective Subjects (100 Marks)
CWP= Course Work Paper (300 Marks each paper of 100 Marks)
PR = Research Paper (500 Marks each paper of 500 Marks)

SYLLABUS IN DETAILS

FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
CC-1	Research Methodology and Ethics	75	20	5	100	6
CC-2	History of North Bengal (Colonial Period)	75	20	5	100	6
CC-3	Indian Social and Political Thoughts	75	20	5	100	6
Discipline Centric Elective (DCE)	History of Religious Ideas	75	20	5	100	6
	Themes and Debates in Modern Indian Society, Politics and Culture: 18th -20th century					
	History of Contemporary World since 1919 to C.E. 1939.					
		300	80	20	400	24

Paper Code: CC-1

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND ETHICS

Aims & Objectives of Research Methodology Ethics:

Research methodology and ethics form the backbone of credible scientific inquiry. Their primary aim is to discover undiscovered truths through systematic, reproducible procedures while ensuring the rights, dignity, and welfare of participants are protected. The central aim is to provide a structured, scientific framework for investigation to generate reliable, valid, and generalizable knowledge. It also aims to promote the pursuit of know ledge while maintaining academic integrity and preventing misconduct (e.g., plagiarism, data fabrication).

- **Enhance Accuracy:** Minimize biases, errors, and subjective distortions.
- **Ensure Reliability:** Standardize procedures so future peers can replicate the study.
- **Define Scope:** Break down broad goals into actionable, specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and timely (SMART) objectives.

- **Facilitate Evaluation:** Provide a clear roadmap for peer review and critical assessment
- **Ensure Informed Consent:** Guarantee that participants have complete autonomy and understand the study's risks and benefits before agreeing to partake.
- **Maintain Privacy and Confidentiality:** Protect the identities of respondents and ensure data is securely managed.
- **Uphold Honesty and Justice:** Ensure that research benefits the community, is free from bias, and properly credits intellectual property.

Unit-1: What is research, importance of research topic, various methods of historical research, importance of inter disciplinary approach in historical research.

Unit-2: Research designing, review of literature, hypothesis, objective, causation.

Unit-3: Sources: Collection and authentication of sources, various sources- primary, secondary, web sources.

Unit-4: Internal and external criticism, various styles of references, footnotes, bibliography.

Unit-5: Principles of thesis/dissertation writings

Unit-6: Definition and nature of ethics, motive and intension, object of moral judgement.

Suggested books:

1. Tejram Shram, Research Methodology in History, Concept publishing Co, New Delhi.
2. Dr. K.L. Khurana, Concepts and Methods of Historiography, Laksmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra.
3. N.R. Roy, Sources for the history of India. Calcutta.
4. Laxmi Jain, Historical Method and Historiography, Vayu Education in India, New Delhi.
5. D.D. Kosamby, An introduction to the Study of Indian History, Bombay, 1975.
6. E.H. Carr, What is History? Penguin, England.
7. William Dray, Perspective on History, London, 1980.
8. Sugam Anand, Modern Indian Historiography, Agra, 1991.
9. R.G. Collingwood, The Idea of History, OUP, London.
10. M.I. Finley, The Use and abuse of History, London, 1975.
11. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology, A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, Sage, 2014.

Paper Code: CC-2

History of North Bengal (Colonial Period)

North Bengal is a cross-border cultural and geographic region encompassing the northern portions of West Bengal in India, and the north-western areas of Bangladesh. Separated from South Bengal by the Ganges River, it is known for its Himalayan hills, vast tea gardens, lush riverine plains, and vital wildlife reserves. It consisted of eight districts in the northern part of West Bengal.

Unit I: Geographical boundary of Colonial North Bengal:
- a) Mountains, Rivers, Plain and Forests
- b) Ethnographical Profile of North Bengal
- c) Advent of the Colonizers

Unit II: Administrative Re-Organization from Darjeeling to Malda

Unit III: Infrastructural Transformation
- a) Commercialization of Agriculture
- b) Plantation Economy
- c) Expansion of Communication Network

Unit IV: Saga of Resistance and Anti-Colonial Movement

References:

1. Subhrajyoti Roy, Transformation on the Bengal Frontier: Jalpaiguri 1765-1948
2. Romit Bagchi, Gorkhaland: Crisis of Statehood
3. Ranjit Dasgupta, Economy, Society and Politics in Bengal: Jalpaiguri 1869-1947
4. Sarit Bhowmik, Class Formation in the Plantation System
5. Sugata Bose, Peasant Labour and Colonial Capital: Rural Bengal Since 1770
6. Peter Custers, Women in Tebhaga Uprising
7. R.M. Lahiri (ed), Jalpaiguri Zilla Centenary Volume
8. A.K.M Museum, North Bengal University, Uttarbanger Purattata: Sankhipta Itihas
9. B.N. Mukharjee and P.K. Bhattacharjee (ed), Early Historical Perspective of North Bengal
10. S. K. Chaube (ed), The Himalayas: Profile of Modernization and Adaptation
11. Ashim Kumar Sarkar, Changing Profile of a Bengal District: Malda 1932-1950
12. Ashim Kumar Sarkar, Bharat Tirtha Uttarbanga : Prasanga Samaj, Arthaniti o Rajniti
13. Upendranath Barman, Uttar Banglar Sekal o Amar Jiban Smriti
14. Ananda Gopal Ghosh and Kartik Sutradhar (ed), Jiban Nadir Banke Banke
15. Dipanwita Dasgupta, The Revenged Paradise: Environmental History of Colonial Darjeeling Himalayas 1835-1947
16. Kumar Pradhan, The Gorkha Conquests
17. S.K. Chaube, Hill Politics in North East India
18. Madhab Chandra Adhikary; *Identity Crisis: A Study of the Rajbanshis of North Eastern India (1891-1979)*

19. Madhab Chandra Adhikary, Ananda Gopal Ghosh, Kartik Chandra Sutradhar(ed): *Exploring Sub-Himalayan Region of West Bengal and Her Neighbours: Society Religion and Cullture Since 1947*
20. Madhab Chandra Adhikary, *Rajbanshi SamaJ O Manishi Panchanan Barma,* Vol.I & II (Bengali), Readers Service, Kolkata, 2014 and 2022, Re print Paican Publishers, Bhetaguri, Cooch Behar.
21. Upendra Nath barman, *Uttar Banga Sekal O Aamar Jiban Smriti*
22. Kartik Chandra Sutradhar and Amit Roy (Ed), Society, Economy and Environment of Tista-Brahmaputra Valley.
23. Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Land and Livelihood: A Study on the Egro - Political Movements of a Bengal District Jalpaiguri (1869-2004), N.L.Publishers, 2013.

PAPER CODE: CC-3

INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHTS

Political thought is the systematic reflection on power, justice, rights, and governance. It is the accumulated wisdom of how human beings should organize collective life, encompassing the ideas, theories, and analyses produced by philosophers, activists, and statesmen throughout history. Understanding political thought involves looking at how different minds address fundamental questions about human society.

Unit I: An Overview on Sources of Indian Political Thought

a) Kautilya: Theory of State

b) Manu smriti: Social Laws and Conception of Justice

Unit II: Features of Medieval Indian Political Thought

a) **Kalhana**: Author of the *Rajatarangini*, a foundational 12th-century text on the kings of Kashmir.

b) **Ziauddin Barani**: Known for *Tarikh-i-Firoz Shahi*, an essential source for the Delhi Sultanate.

c) **Abul Fazl**: Author of *Akbar Nama*, celebrated for introducing rational, secular, and data-driven approaches to history.

Unit III:

a) Gopala Krishna Gokhale (9 May 1866 – 19 February 1915)
b) Bala Gangadhar Tilak (23 July 1856 – 1 August 1920)
c) Sri Aurobindo (15 August 1872 – 5 December 1950)
d) Swami Vivekananda (Narendranath Datta) (12 January 1863 – 4 July 1902)
e) Rai Sahib Thakur Panchanan Barma (14th February,1866-9th September,1935)
f) Bhimrao Ramji Ambedkar (14 April 1891 – 6 December 1956)
g) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay (15 September 1876 – 16 January 1938)
h) M.N. Roy (21 March 1887 – 25 January 1954)
i) Jayprakash Narayan (11 October 1902 – 8 October 1979))
j) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee (6 July 1901 – 23 June 1953)

Selected Books

1. V. R. Mehta (1992) Introduction, in Foundation of Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Manohar
2. Brown, D. M. (1953). The Premises of Indian Political Thought. The Western Political Quarterly, 6(2)
3. Suda, J. P. (1970). Dharma: Its Nature and Role in Ancient India. The Indian Journal of Political Science, 31(4)
4. Varma, Vishwanath Prasad (1953). Studies in Hindu Political Thought and its Metaphysical Foundations, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi.

5. Manu (2006) 'Rules for Times of Adversity', in P. Olivelle (ed. & trans.) Manu's Code of Law: A Critical Edition and Translation of the Manava- Dharamsastra, New Delhi: OUP
6. V. Mehta (1992) 'The Cosmic Vision: Manu', in Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar
7. Kautilya (1997) 'The Elements of Sovereignty' in R. Kangle (ed. and trns.), Arthasastra of Kautilya, New Delhi: Motilal Publishers
8. V. Mehta (1992) 'The Pragmatic Vision: Kautilya and His Successor', in Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar
9. R. Kangle (1997) Arthashastra of Kautilya-Part-III: A Study, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass
10. Chatterjee and Dutta (2007), An Introduction to Indian Philosophy, New Delhi: Rupa Publications
11. V.R. Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought. Delhi: 1992, Manohar
12. U. N. Ghoshal, A History of Indian Political Ideas: the ancient period and the period of transition to the middleages. OUP, Bombay, 1959
13. Madhab Chandra Adhikary, *Rajbanshi Samaj o Rai Sahib Thakur Panchanan Barma* Vol.I & II, Readers Publication, Kolkata, 1914 and 2022, reprint. Paican Publication Vetaguri, Cooch Behar.
14. Madhab Chandra Adhikary and Ananda Gopal Ghosh- *Rai Sahib Panchanan Barma(1866-1935: A Legendary Social Reformer of Un-partioned India,* Kunal Books, New Delhi & Cooch Behar Panchanan Barma University, 2024.
15. Sukhabilash Barma- Indomitable Panchanan, Global Vission Publishing House, Delhi, 2017
16. B.R. Ambedkar, The Untouchables: Who Were They and Why They Became Untouchables?
17. ---------- Annihilation of Caste.
18. Dhananjay Keer, Dr. Ambedkar: Life and Mission
19. Gail Omvedt, Ambedkar: Towards an Enlightened India
20. Arundhati Roy, The Doctor and the Saint
21. ---------- Ambedkar's *Annihilation of Caste* with an extended essay.
22. The Life of Swami Vivekananda by His Eastern and Western Disciples
23. Swami Vivekananda: A Biography
24. I. Sarkar, Thoughts and Thinkers in Indian Tradition, Kunal Books, N. Delhi,2023

PAPER CODE: HISDCE-I (DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

HISTORY OF RELIGIOUS IDEAS
(INDIAN PERSPECTIVES)

The aims and objectives of studying the History of Religious Ideas from an Indian Perspective centre on uncovering the evolution of spiritual thought, rituals, and philosophies that originated in the subcontinent. Rather than treating religion as a static set of rules, this discipline tracks how systems like Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, and Sikhism grew, interacted, and shaped global philosophy.

- Trace Philosophical Evolution: Understanding how early ritualistic ideas transformed into complex, abstract philosophies like *Vedanta* and *Shunyata* (emptiness).
- Map Syncretism and Synthesis: Examining how different Indian traditions coexisted, debated, and influenced one another over millennia.
- Contextualise Universal Truths: Analyzing concepts like *Dharma* (cosmic order), *Karma* (action and consequence), and *Moksha/Nirvana* (liberation) within historical
- Analyze Foundational Texts: Studying the historical shifts between the early Vedas, the philosophical Upanishads, and the unorthodox texts of Buddhism and Jainism.
- Deconstruct Social Dynamics: Investigating how religious ideas directly impacted or challenged social structures like the *Varna* (caste) system.
- Evaluate Global Transmission: Tracking how Indian religious concepts migrated across Asia via trade routes, transforming into traditions like Zen Buddhism.
- Examine the Bhakti-Sufi Synthesis: Assessing how medieval devotional movements broke down orthodox barriers and fostered Hindu-Muslim cultural synthesis.

Unit -I : Religious and Philosophical Ideas in ancient India:

a. Vedas and Upanishadas
b. Six Schools of Indian Philosophy,
c. Jainism and Buddhism,
d. Heterodox sects
e. Shaivism and Vaishnavism

Unit-II: Bhakti Movement and Sufism in Medieval India

a. Sankaracharya,
b. Ramanuja,
c. Kabir,
d. Sri Chaitanya Deva,
e. Mira Bai,
f. Sankardeva
g. Gurunanak and emergence of Sikhism

Unit-III: Religious thinking in Modern India:

a. Brahmo Samaj,
b. Prarthana Samaj
c. Arya Samaj Movements
d. Neo-Hinduism
e. Swami Vivekananda

Selected Readings: [History of Religious Ideas (Indian Perspectives)]

1. Swami Vivekananda: Selected Works, Vol. I to Vol. X
2. S. Radhakrishnan: History of Indian Philosophy
3. S. Dasgupta: History of Indian Philosphy
4. A.L. Basam: History and Doctrine of the Ajivikas
5. J.A. Subhan: Sufism: Its Saints and Shrines
6. W.H. Mcleod: Guru Nanak and Sikh Religion
7. S.K. Dey: Early History of Vaishnava Faith and Movement in Bengal
8. Cultural Heritage of India (Vol. I-Vol. VIII), Goalpark Institute of Culture, Ramkrishna Mission
9. Subira Jaiswal: The Origin of and Development of Vaishnavism
10. Devid Kopf: Brahmo Samaj and the Shaping of the Modern Indian Mind
11. Bratindra Nath Mukherjee: Bouddha Dharmer Utpatti O Bikash
12. R.D. Baird: Religion in Modern India
13. Malaysankar Bhattacharya ,Puran Kr. Chhetri & Tapas Kr. Chatterjee, Buddha and Buddhism, Sagnik Books ,Kolkata,2023.
14. I. Sarkar, Thoughts and Thinkers in Indian Tradition, Kunal Books, N. Delhi,2023
15. B.R. Ambedkar, The Untouchables: Who Were They and Why They Became Untouchables?
16. ---------- Annihilation of Caste.
17. Dhananjay Keer, Dr. Ambedkar: Life and Mission
18. Gail Omvedt, Ambedkar: Towards an Enlightened India
19. Arundhati Roy, The Doctor and the Saint
20. ---------- Ambedkar's *Annihilation of Caste* with an extended essay.
21. The Life of Swami Vivekananda by His Eastern and Western Disciples
22. Swami Vivekananda: A Biography



PAPER CODE: HIS DCE-II: THEMES AND DEBATES IN MODERN INDIAN SOCIETY, POLITCS AND CULTURE: 18th -20th CENTURY

Objectives of the Course:

- Explain the major political, social, and economic developments of eighteenth-century India and critically assess the debates surrounding the nature of the eighteenth century.
- Analyse the causes, nature, and consequences of the Revolt of 1857 and evaluate the diverse historiographical interpretations of the uprising.
- Examine the process of deindustrialisation in colonial India and assess its impact on the Indian economy and society through various historical debates.
- Critically understand the caste system in Indian society and evaluate the discourses surrounding caste, marginality, and the experiences of oppressed communities.
- Analyze environmental issues in Indian history and understand the historical relationship between society, state policies, and ecological change.
- Examine the causes, processes, and consequences of the Partition of India and evaluate its social, political, and cultural implications through the lens of Partition Studies.

Course Content:

A. Debates:

Unit - I: Feudalism

Unit-II: The Eighteenth Century in Indian history

Unit- III: The Revolt of 1857

Unit -IV: De-industrialization in Colonial India

B. Themes:

Unit -V: Discourses on the caste system in Indian society and the marginal people

Unit -VI: Addressing Environmental issues in Indian History

Unit -VII: Partition Studies

Unit-VIII: Gender Issues

SELECT READING

1. B. R. Ambedkar, Annihilation of Caste, Navayana Publishing, New Delhi, 2014 (reprint).
2. Amiya Kumar Bagchi, Private Investment in India, 1900–1939, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1972.
3. C. A. Bayly, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1988.
4. Urvashi Butalia, The Other Side of Silence: Voices from the Partition of India, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1998.
5. Dipesh Chakrabarty, Rethinking Working-Class History: Bengal 1890–1940, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1989.
6. Bipan Chandra (et al.), India's Struggle for Independence, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1989.

7. Satish Chandra, Medieval India: From Sultanat to the Mughals, Part II, Har-Anand Publications, New Delhi, 2005.
8. Romesh Chunder Dutt, The Economic History of India under Early British Rule, Routledge, London, 2001 (reprint).
9. Madhav Gadgil & Ramachandra Guha, This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1992.
10. Ramachandra Guha, The Unquiet Woods: Ecological Change and Peasant Resistance in the Himalaya, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1989.
11. Ranajit Guha (ed.), Subaltern Studies I: Writings on South Asian History and Society, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1982.
12. Ayesha Jalal, The Pity of Partition: Manto's Life, Times, and Work across the India-Pakistan Divide, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2013.
13. P. J. Marshall, Bengal: The British Bridgehead, Eastern India 1740–1828, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1987.
14. Barbara D. Metcalf & Thomas R. Metcalf, A Concise History of Modern India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2012.
15. Rudrangshu Mukherjee, Awadh in Revolt, 1857–1858: A Study of Popular Resistance, Permanent Black, Ranikhet, 2002.
16. Gail Omvedt, Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1994.
17. Gyanendra Pandey, Remembering Partition: Violence, Nationalism and History in India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2001.
18. Tirthankar Roy, The Economic History of India, 1857–1947, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2020.
19. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India: 1885–1947, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 1983.

Eric Stokes, The Peasant Armed: The Indian Revolt of 1857, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1986



PAPER CODE: DCE-C (DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

The History of Contemporary World Since 1919 to 1939

Unit I : Legacy of 19th Century: Liberalism and Nationalism, Growth of Capitalism; Structural Changes of European Economy; Imperialism: Theories, Lenin & Hobson, Concept of New Imperialism.

Unit II: World between the two Wars: Russian Revolution and Emergence of Socialist Economy; Collective Security and League of Nations, its failure; Great Depression-Origin, Impact; The New Deal, Emergence of U.S. Economy, Liberal Ideas, Socialist Movements, Conservative Nationalism.

Unit III: Ideologies of Fascism & Nazism: Case Study of Italy and Germany; Rise of Militarism in Japan

Suggested readings

S.B. Fay, The Origins of the World War

2. David Thomson, Europe Since Napoleon, Penguin Books, New Delhi

3. E.H. Carr, International Relations Between the Two World Wars

4. F.L. Benns, European History Since 1870

5. A.J.P. Taylor, The Struggle for Mastery in Europe

6. Anthony Wood, History of Europe, 1983

7. Lichtheim George, A Short History of Socialism, 1976

8. J.M. Roberts, Europe 1880 - 1945, Longman 1989

9. W.C. Langsam, The World Since 1919

10.Dinanath Verma, Adhunik Vishwa Ka Itihas, (In Hindi)

11.E.H. Carr, Do Vishwa Yudha Ke Bich Antrashhtriya Sambandh, Lakshmi Narayan Agrawal, Agra (In Hindi)

12.G.R Goch, Adhunik Europe Ka Itihas, S. Chand & Co. (In Hindi)

13.Devendra Singh Chauhan, Samkalin Europe, Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy, (In Hindi)

14.Jain & Mathur, Adhunik Vishwa Ka Itihas, Jain Prakashan Mandir, Jaipur, (In Hindi)
15.K.K. Kulshreshta (ed. S.R Kashyap), Antrarashtriya Rajniti, S. Chand & Co., Delhi, (In Hindi)

16. Peter Calvocoressi, World Politics Since 1945

17.Norman Lowe, Mastering Modem World History, Macmillan, Delhi, 1997

18.Garden Greenwood, The Modem World - A History of Our Time

19.Hans J. Margantha, Politics Among Nations (Revised by Kenneth W. Thompson)

S.R Nanda, History of Modem World

21.Charles L. Robertson, International Politics Since World War II

22.Vinay Kumar Malhotra, International Relations (Second Revised Edition)

23.A.P. Rana, Politics of Detente

24.Hukum Chand Jain & Krishna Chandra Mathur, A History of Modem World (1500-2000 A.D.)

25. S.Baily, The United Nations, Macmillan, 1989

26.R. J. Owen, The United Nations and Its Agencies, Pergaman 1995

27.Anthony Parsons, From Cold War to Hot Peace, N. Interventions 1947 - 1995 Penguin 1995
28.J.F.Aylett, The Cold War and After, Hodder& Stoughton, 1996

29.B.L. Fadia, Antrastriya Sambandh, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra, 1999 (In Hindi)

30.K.L. Khurana & R.C. Sharma, Biswi Shatabadi Ka Vishwa, Lakshmi Narayan, Agra 2005 (In Hindi)

31.Kamal Narayan Kabra, Bhumandalikaran: Vichar, Nitiyan Aur Vikalp, N. Delhi, 2007 (in Hindi)

32.Kamal Narayan Kabra, Bhumandalikaran Ke Bhawar Me Bharat, Prakashan Santhan, N. Delhi, 2007 (in Hind

Palmer and Perkins – International Relation: The World Community in Transition

E.J. Hobsbawm, The Age of Extremes, 1914 – 1991, New York: Vintage, 1996

Sen, Asit Kumar.: International Relations since World War I.

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	Marks			Total	CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	100	
CC-4	Historiography	75	20	5	100	6
CC-5	History of North Bengal (Post-colonial Period)	75	20	5	100	6
CC-6	History of Anti-Colonial Movements in India (1857-1947)	75	20	5	100	6
GENERIC ELECTIVE SUBJECTS (GES)	History of Education in India since Independence	75	20	5	100	6
	History of Women's Studies (Indian Perspective)					
	History of Contemporary World (1945 A.D.-1991 A.D.)					
		300	80	20	400	24

PAPER CODE: CC-4

HISTORIOGRAPHY

The aims and objectives of historiography—the study of how history is written—center on evaluating historical methods, biases, and interpretations rather than just studying past events themselves.

- Examine Historical Evolution: Understanding how historical writing changes across different eras, cultures, and political landscapes.
- Uncover Underlying Biases: Exposing ideological, nationalistic, cultural, or gender biases embedded within historical narratives.
- Validate Historical Truth: Establishing rigorous scientific and critical standards to separate objective facts from propaganda or myth.
- Critique Primary Sources: Evaluating the reliability, intent, and context of original documents, artifacts, and eye-witness accounts.
- Analyze Historical Schools: Studying distinct interpretive frameworks, such as Marxist, Annales, Post-colonial, or Subaltern historiography.
- Deconstruct Power Dynamics: Investigating how dominant political or social groups weaponize history to legitimize their current power.
- Promote Inclusive History: Actively reconstructing the narratives of marginalized or silenced groups whose histories were omitted from traditional records.

UNIT-I: Meaning of Historiography, nature and interpretation of Historiography.

UNIT-II: Ancient Indian Historiography, approaches and trends of the ancient Indian

Historiography and the historians.

UNIT-III: Medieval Indian Historiography, trends and debates among the historians.

UNIT- IV: Developments of Historiography during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries: Nationalist approach to History, Marxist approach to History, Subaltern approach to History

UNIT-V: Local and regional approach and importance of History: Historiography of labour and peasants, Varna and jati, gender, religion and culture.

Suggested books:

1. Tejram Shram, Historiography A History of History writing, Concept publishing House.
2. Dr. K.L. Khurana, Concepts and Methods of Historiography, Laksmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra.
3. N.R. Roy, Sources for the history of India. Calcutta.
4. A.K. Warder. An introduction to Indian Historiography, Bombay. 1972.
5. D.D. Kosamby, An introduction to the Study of Indian History, Bombay, 1975.
6. E.H. Carr, What is History? Penguin, England.
7. William Dray, Perspective on History, London, 1980.
8. Sugam Anand, Modern Indian Historiography, Agra, 1991.
9. R.G. Collingwood, The Idea of History, OUP, London.
10. M.I. Finley, The Use and abuse of History, London, 1975.
11. Madhab Chandra Adhikary & Kali Krishna Sutradhar, An Introduction to the Historiography of North Bengal, Abhijit, New Delhi, 2025.
12. Malayasankar Bhattacharcharya & Tapas Chatterjee, Chroniclers of A Bygone Era,Sagnik Books, Kolkata, 2025.

PAPER CODE: CC-5

PAPER NAME : HISTORY OF NORTH BENGAL (POST COLONIAL PERIOD)

Post-colonial North Bengal refers to the northern region of West Bengal after the Partition of British India in 1947. The post-colonial history of North Bengal is characterized by rapid demographic changes, environmental pressure, and complex socio-political identity movements. The defining event of post-colonial North Bengal was its division along the Radcliffe Line in 1947. Districts like Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri, Cooch Behar (which joined India as a princely state in 1949), Malda, and the Dinajpur region (split into North and South Dinajpur) stayed with India and the Muslim-majority eastern sectors of Malda, Dinajpur, and the vast Rajshahi division went to East Pakistan.

Unit I: Post Partition Re-organization of North Bengal

Unit II: The Activities of State Re-organization Commission in North Bengal

Unit III: Post Independence Crisis in North Bengal

a. Demographic Change and Migration Problem
b. Enclave Problem
c. Chinese Aggression in 1962
d. Forests in North Bengal
e. Tourism in North Bengal

Unit IV: The Resistance and Statehood Movements in North Bengal

a. Naxalbari Movement
b. Statehood Movements in Cooch Behar
c. Process of Formation of Gorkha Autonomous District Hill Council

Selected Books

1. Subhrajyoti Roy, Transformation on the Bengal Frontier: Jalpaiguri 1765-1948
2. Romit Bagchi, Gorkhaland: Crisis of Statehood
3. Ranjit Dasgupta, Economy, Society and Politics in Bengal: Jalpaiguri 1869-1947
4. Sarit Bhowmik, Class Formation in the Plantation System

5. Sugata Bose, Peasant Labour and Colonial Capital: Rural Bengal Since 1770
6. Peter Custers, Women in Tebhaga Uprising
7. R.M. Lahiri (ed), Jalpaiguri Zilla Centenary Volume
8. A.K.M Museum, North Bengal University, Uttarbanger Purattata: Sankhipta Itihas
9. B.N. Mukharjee and P.K. Bhattacharjee (ed), Early Historical Perspective of North Bengal
10. S. K. Chaube (ed), The Himalayas: Profile of Modernization and Adaptation
11. Ashim Kumar Sarkar, Changing Profile of a Bengal District: Malda 1932-1950
12. Ashim Kumar Sarkar, Bharat Tirtha Uttarbanga : Prasanga Samaj, Arthaniti o Rajniti
13. Upendranath Barman, Uttar Banglar Sekal o Amar Jiban Smriti
14. Ananda Gopal Ghosh and Kartik Sutradhar (ed), Jiban Nadir Banke Banke
15. Dipanwita Dasgupta, The Revenged Paradise: Environmental History of Colonial Darjeeling Himalayas 1835-1947
16. Kumar Pradhan, The Gorkha Conquests
17. S.K.Chaube, Hill Politics in North East India
18. Madhab Chandra Adhikary; Identity Crisis: A Study of the Rajbanshis of North Eastern India(1891-1979)
19. Madhab Chandra Adhikary,Ananda Gipal Ghosh, Kartik Chandra Sutradhar(ed): Exploring Sub-Himalayan Region of West Bengal and Her Neighbours: Society Religion and Cullture Since 1947
20. Kartik Chandra Sutradhar and Amit Roy (Ed), Society, Economy and Environment of Tista-Brahmaputra Valley.
21. Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Land and Livelihood : A Study on the Egro Political Movements of a Bengal District Jalpaiguri (1869-2004), N.L.Publishers, 2013
22. Rajarshi Biswas(ed), Berubari, Tin Bigha ,Chhit Mahal, Gang Chill, Kolkata, 2018,
23. Kamalesh Goswami (ed), Bidraho O Andolani Uttabanga, Priya Book House, Kolkata, 1420 B.S.
24. Pradip Basu(ed), Naxalite Politics: Post -Struggleist, Post colonial and Subaltern Perspectives,Kolkata,2017.
25. Sukhbilas Barma (ed),, Socio-Political Movements in North Bengal, Vol. I and II,Global Vision Publishing House, Delhi, 2007.
26. Anjashi Sarkar,Debkumar Sengupta, Dinesh Ch. Ray, Palash Dey Bhaskar Chand(ed), History and Historians of North Bengal and Adjoining Regions: Past and Present,Abhijit Publications, N. Delhi, 2025

PAPER CODE: CC-6

PAPER NAME: History of Anti-Colonial Movements in India (1857-1947)

Unit I: The Revolt of 1857: Background, Historiography and Nature.

Unit II : a) Approach to Indian Nationalism: Conceptual debates.

b) Emergence of New organized Nationalism

c) Trends till 1919

Unit III: a) Emergence of Gandhi and his Ideology

b) Non-violence movement, civil disobedience movement, quit India Movement

c) Peasants and workers movements

Unit- IV: a) Subhas Chandra Bose and INA.

b) Communal Politics.

c) Independence and Partition

Books recommended:

1. D.A. Low, The Congress and the Raj.
2. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India
3. Deepak Kumar, Science and the raj.
4. Thomas Metcalf, Ideologies and the Raj
5. R. Jefrey, The People, Princes and Paramount power.
6. Judith Brown, Gandhi's Rise to power.
7. ----------, Gandhi and the Civil disobedience movement.
8. B.R.Tomlinson, The Economy of Modern India.
9. Bipan Chandra, India after Independence.
10. Suchetana Mahajan, Independence and Partition.
11. Josodhara Bagchi, The Trauma and the Triumph: Gender and Partition in Modern India.
12. Brass, Paul R, The Politics of India since Independence.
13. Bipan Chandra, Mridula Mukherjee and Aditya Mukherjee, India since Independence.

14. Partha Chatterjee, The Nation and its fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories.

15. Ram Chndra Guha, India after Independence: The History of the world's largest democracy. 16. Sudipta Kabiraj, The imaginary Institution of India: Politics and Ideas.

17. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India.

18, Philip Oldenburg India Pakistan and Democracy: Solving the puzzle of divergent p

PAPER CODE: GES -I (GENERIC ELECTIVE SUBJECT)

HISTORY OF EDUCATION IN INDIA SINCE INDEPENDENCE

The history of education in India since independence reflects a journey of transforming a colonial system into a tool for national development, equity, and modernization. Its core aim is to provide universal access to quality education that fosters national integration, economic growth, and social justice across India's diverse population. The objectives of analyzing and implementing educational systems post-1947 are divided into structural, social, and modern goals.

- Universal Access (UPE/UEE): To guarantee free and compulsory education for all children aged 6 to 14, fulfilling the mandate of Article 21A of the Constitution.
- Eradicating Disparities: To bridge massive educational gaps by prioritizing the enrollment and retention of girls, Scheduled Castes (SCs), Scheduled Tribes (STs), and minorities.
- National Integration: To design a unified curriculum (like the 10+2+3 structure) that teaches shared democratic values, secularism, and cultural heritage across different states.
- Quality and Relevance: To upgrade teacher training, improve infrastructure via schemes like *Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan*, and shift learning from rote memorization to skill development.
- Vocationalization: To align secondary and higher education with industrial and economic needs, reducing youth unemployment through practical skill building.
- Global Competitiveness: To establish world-class scientific and technical institutions (like IITs and IIMs) capable of driving research, technology, and economic self-reliance.

Unit I: Educational Commissions and Committees Topics:

a. Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan and the University Education Commission(1948–49)
b. Secondary Education Commission (Mudaliar Commission) (1952–53)
c. S. Kothari the Kothari Commission (1964–66)
d. Recommendations and impact of these commissions

Unit II: Expansion and Democratization of Education Topics:

a. Universalization of Elementary Education
b. Adult and Continuing Education
c. Women's Education
d. Education of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, and Minorities
e. Inclusive Education

Unit III: Educational Programmes and Reforms Topics:

a. Operation Blackboard
b. District Primary Education Programme (DPEP)
c. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)
d. Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA)

e. Mid-Day Meal Scheme
f. Right to Education (RTE) Act, 2009

Unit IV: Higher Education in Independent India Topics:

a. Growth of universities and colleges
b. Role of University Grants Commission (UGC)
c. Technical and professional education
d. Open and Distance Learning
e. Emergence of private higher education institutions

Unit V: National Policies on EducationTopics:

a. National Policy on Education (1968)
b. National Policy on Education (1986)
c. Programme of Action (1992)
d. Educational reforms during economic liberalization

Unit VI: Contemporary Developments in Education Topics:

a. Digital Education and ICT
b. Skill Development and Vocational Education
c. National Education Policy (NEP) 2020
d. Online and Blended Learning
e. Globalization and Internationalization of Education

Selected Books

1. History of Education Policymaking in India, 1947–2016, R. V. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Oxford University Press India
2. The History of Education in Modern India, 1757–2012 , Suresh Chandra Ghosh
3. Education in India During the British Period, After Independence and Perspectives for the Future, J. C. Aggarwal
4. Indian Education Since Independence: A Critical Study, J.L. Azad & J.C. Agarwal
5. History of Education in India ,Ram Nath Sharma and Rajendra Kumar Sharma
6. History of Education in India, Nurullah & Naik
7. History of Education in pre-independence and post-independence India, Santu Karmakar,
8. Education in Emerging India, B.R. Purkait
9. Education and Development in India, Tilak, J.B.G.
10. Political Agenda of Education, Kumar, Krishna.
11. Government of India. Report of the Education Commission (1964–66).
12. Government of India. National Policy on Education (1968, 1986/1992).
13. Government of India. National Education Policy 2020.

PAPER CODE: GES- II (GENERIC ELECTIVE SUBJECT)

HISTORY OF WOMEN'S STUDIES (INDIAN PERSPECTIVE)

Women's Studies in India is an academic discipline deeply rooted in the grassroots women's movements of the 1970s and the landmark 1974 *Towards Equality* report. Its core aim is to challenge patriarchal structures and make women's lived experiences visible by integrating gender perspectives into research, policy, and education. The objectives of Women's Studies in the Indian context are multidimensional, focusing on both academic re-evaluation and social transformation.

- Policy Intervention: To actively identify the need for and advocate for policy changes that address gender disparity, economic marginalization, and lack of political representation.
- Decolonization of Knowledge: To re-examine existing social science concepts, methodologies, and theories through a gendered lens, breaking free from patriarchal and Eurocentric frameworks.
- Highlighting Intersectionality: To investigate the root causes of women's subordination while acknowledging how gender intersects with caste, class, region, religion, and ethnicity in India.
- Conscientization: To raise critical awareness among both men and women about the multifaceted contributions and unpaid labor of women in society.
- Social Transformation: To shift societal attitudes away from gender hierarchy and toward a genuine acceptance of equality, human rights, and women's empowerment.

UNIT-1: Introduction to Women's Studies: Emergence of Women's Studies and changing perspectives of Women's Studies and Research

UNIT-II: Position of women in ancient and Medieval India

UNIT-III: Women's Movement in colonial India. Historical Developments of Social Reform Movements, Women's participation in National Movement

UNIT-IV: 'Women's Movements in Post-Independent India

UNIT-V: Gender, Law & Politics

UNIT-VI: Violence against women & Preventive law: Domestic violence Act 2005; Problems of Dowry, Sexual Harassments at Workplace; Trafficking of women and Children and corresponding; Child Marriage Prohibition Act 2006; Personal Laws; Equal work and Equal pay

UNIT-VII: Gender, Development & Culture: Representation of Women in Culture and Media; Women and Literature

UNIT-VIII: Retrieving the forgotten female activists and leaders: Ramabai, Sister Nivedita, Dr. Kadambini Ganguly, Begum Rokeya, Sarojini Naidu.

Suggested Readings:

1. Agnihotri, Indu and Vina Mazumdar, "Changing Terms of Political Discourse: Women's Movement in India, 1970s-1990s", Economic and Political Weekly, 30(29), July 22, 1995, 1869-1878.
2. Andarer Iti katha: Narir Jabanbandi. Ed. Ananya Biswas and Prasun Ghosh. Gangchil, vol. 2.
3. Bandyopadhyay, Brajendranath. Bangasahitye Nari. Visvavidyasangraha, 1952.
4. Banerjee, Nirmala, "Working Women in Colonial Bengal: Modernization and Marginalization", in Kumkum Sangari and Sudesh Vaid, (eds). Recasting Women, Kali for Women, New Delhi, 1989.
5. Bhasin, Kamala, Understanding Gender, Zubaan, New Delhi, 2000.
6. Bhattacharya, Sutapa. Bangali Meyer Bhabnamulok Godyo. Kolkata: Sahitya Akademi.
7. Bronte, Charlotte. Jane Eyre (Norton Edition) Butler, Judith. Gender Trouble. Routledge, 1990.
8. Chakraborty, Basabi and RajashriBasu.PrasangaManabividya. UrbiPrakasan, 2014.
9. Chakraborty, N. K. and S. Chakraborty. Ed. Gender Justice.
10. Chakravarti, Uma, Gendering Caste, Stree, Kolkata, 2003.
11. Dasi, Binodini. Amar Katha.
12. Datta Bisakha (ed), And Who Will Make the Chapatis? A Study of All-Women Panchayats in Maharashtra, Stree, Kolkata, 20001
13. Deb, Chitra. Antahpurer Atmakatha. Ananda Publishers.
14. Desai, Neera, Vina Mazumdar and Kumudini Bhansali, From Women's Education to Women's Studies: The long struggle for Legitimacy in Devaki Jain and Pam Rajput, (eds.), Narratives From the Women's Studies Family,Sage, New Delhi
15. Devi, Ashapurna. Pratham Pratishruti, Subarnalata, Bakulkatha. Kolkata: Mitra O Ghosh.
16. Devi, Mahasveta. Srestha Goplo. Mitra o Ghosh.
17. Devi, Rasasundari. Amar Jibon. Kolkata: Dey 's Publishing.
18. Forbes, Geraldine. Women in Colonial India. Orient Blackswan, 2005.
19. ---------- Women in Modern India. OUP.
20. Friedan, Betty. The Feminine Mystique. Norton, 1963.
21. Hansen, Kathryn, "The Virangana In North Indian History: Myth and PopularCulture", Economic and Political Weekly, Vol XXIII, No. 18, 1988
22. John, Mary E., Introduction in Women's Studies in India : A Reader, Penguin, New Delhi,2008. Lerner, Gerda, Creation of Patriarchy, Oxford University Press, London, 1986.

23. Menon, Nivedita, Introduction, Sexualities: Issues in Contemporary Indian Feminism, Women Unlimited, New Delhi,2007.
24. Mill, John Stuart. The Subjection of Women. 1869.
25. Mukhopadhyay, Ishita. Crime against Women. Prrogressive Publication.
26. Rege, Sharmila. Writing Caste, writing Gender: Narrating Dalit Women's Testimonies. Jubaan.
27. Tagore, Rabindranath. Streer Patra, Galpaguccha, Rabindra Rachanavali, Vol. 9.
28. Tharu, Susie and K. Lalitha. Ed. Women Writing in India, vol. 1 and 2



PAPER CODE: HISGES-III:

PAPER NAME: HISTORY OF CONTEMPORARY WORLD (1945 A.D.-1991 A.D.)

The aims and objectives of the contemporary world centre on uniting global societies to solve shared challenges while improving human life.

- Eradicate Existential Threats: Achieving long-term global climate stability and preventing large-scale international warfare.
- Universal Human Dignity: Ensuring basic human rights, equity, and justice for all individuals regardless of nationality.
- Borderless Progress: Creating a highly interconnected global economy and knowledge network that benefits all humanity.
- Strengthen International Law: Using bodies like the United Nations to enforce trade agreements and mediate geopolitical conflicts.
- Bridge the Digital Divide: Expanding global internet infrastructure to grant developing regions equal access to education and technology.
- Enhance Global Health: Building collaborative networks to predict, track, and rapidly suppress infectious disease outbreaks.

Unit. 1 -United Nations

Origin, aims and objectives, it's organizations and its role in world peace.

Unit. 2- Cold War and world politics

Origin and character of the cold war, Truman Doctrine, Marshal plan, Military Alliances-NATO, CENTO, ANZUS, SEATO and Warsaw Pact. Third world and Non-alignment movement.

Unit 3- Europe in the post-war world

Division of Germany- Berlin blockade, Stalinisation of eastern Europe,Americanization of western Europe, De-Stalinization, Détente, new cold war, unification Germany, Glastnost and Perestroika- fall of Soviet Union.

Unit 4 Crisis in the world politics

Korean crisis, middle east crisis- birth of Israel, Cuban crisis and Vietnam Issue.

Unit 5- World economy in the post war world

WTO, GATT, OPEC, IMF, Aid as a tool of Imperialism, Globalization and the third world countries.

Suggested readings

1. Palmer and Perkins – International Relation: The World Community in Transition
2. E.J. Hobsbawm, The Age of Extremes, 1914 – 1991, New York: Vintage, 1996
3. Langsam, W. C. : World Since 1914
4. Sen, Asit Kumar.: International Relations since World War I.
5. Fleming, D.S.: TheCold War and its Origins.
6. Lippmann, Walter: The Cold War, 1947
7. Calvocoressi, P.: World Politics Since 1945.
8. Bhattacharya , D. C.: International Relations in the Twentieth Century, Kolkata, !998.
9. James, Paul.: Globalization and Violence
10. Krishnan, Gopal,: Non-Allignment and Power Politics
11. Daud, K.Y.: Non-Alligned Movement: Belgrade to Durban
12. Lynch, M.: Stalin and Khrushchev
13. Morgenthau, Hans J.: Politics among Nations
14. Sakwa, R.: Gorbachev and his Reforms 1985-1990.
15. Nayyar Deepak.: Governing Globalization, Issues and Institutions.
16. Lowe, Norman.: Mastering Modern World History.
17. Carter V. Findley and John Rothay, Twentieth-Century World,Boston: Houghton-Mifflin, 5Th edition 20



SECOND YEAR

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Course Work paper (CWP- I)	Principle of History	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-II)	History of Environment and Ecology in India History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-III)	i.Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D.) ii.Political History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D) iii.Political History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper(RP-I)	Term Paper /Project	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

PAPER CODE : HISCWP-I

NAME OF THE PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF HISTORY

Unit I : What is History: Meaning, Scope, Definition & Subject matter, Role of Individual and Society in Historical Development

Unit II : Varieties of History: Social, Political, Economic, Agrarian, Urban Psychological & Art; Autonomy of History

Unit III : Periodization in History and Notion of Time Semantics

Unit IV : Philosophy of History: Objectivity, Determinism, Relativism, Historicism, Causation Generalization, Historical Inevitability, Chance and Contingency in History

Unit V : Ancient : Itihas - Purana Tradition Budhist and Jain Historiography, Banbhatta and Kalhan

Medieval: Tradition of Indo-Persian writing in Indian History

Modern: Orientalist and Nationalist Writings in Indian History

Recommended Books:

1. R.K. Majumdar & A.N. Srivastava, Historiography, SHB Publisher & distributers, Delhi 1999

2. K. Rajayya, Historiography: History in Theory and Method

3. R. Lohia, Wheel of History (in English), Itihas Chakra (in Hindi)

R.G. Collingwood, The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, Delhi

5. B. Sheik Ali, History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan, New Delhi, Reprint, 2001

6. K.L. Khurana, Concepts and Methods of Historiography, Lakshmi Narain AgrawafAgra

7. E.H. Carr, What is History, Penguin Book, 1967

8. Mayerhoff, Philosophy of History in our Times, Doubleday & Company, 1959

9. Raymond Aron, Introduction to the Philosophy of History, London

10. P. Gardiner, Nature of Historical Explorations, Oxford, 1961

11. P. Gardiner, Theories of History, New York, 1969

12. Dharmendra Goel, Philosophy of History, Delhi, 1967

13. A.L. Rowse, The Use of History, London 1963

14. J. W. Thompson, History of Historical Writings, (2 Vols.), New York, 1942

15. Robert Paul Mohan, Philosophy of History : An Introduction, New York, 1958

16. William H. Dray, Philosophy of History, New York, 1964

17. Paramanand Singh, Itihas Darshan, Motilal Banarsidas, Varanasi, 1996, (In Hindi)

18. Arther Marwick, Itihas ka Swarupa (Anuvadaka Lai Bahadur Verma) Granth Shilpi, Delhi, (In Hindi)

19. Govind Chandra Pandey, Itihas Swarupa Sidhanta, Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur (in Hindi)

20. E.H. Carr, Itihas Kyahai, Macmillan, 1993 (In Hindi

21. Prabhat Kumar Shukla (ed.), Itihas Lekhan ki Vibhinn Drishtiyan, Granth Shilpi, 2012 (In Hindi) 22. Satish K. Bajpai, Research Methodology in History

23. Gilbert J. Garraghan, A Guide to Historical Method

24. Tej Ram Sharma, Research Methodology in History, Concept Publishing

25. Louis Gottschalk, Understanding History, University of Chicago, 1961

26. John C. B. Webster, Studying History, Macmillan, Delhi '

27. S.R. Tikekar, On Historiography, Bombay, 1964 6

28. Kirit K. Shah, Meher Joti (Eds.), Historiography Past & Present, Rawat Publication, New Delhi 29. Homer C. Hockett, The Critical Method in Historical Research & Writing

30. Marc Bloch, Historians Craft, Knopf, 1953

31. J.S. Grewal, Studies in Local & Regional History, Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar, 1974 32. Fred M. Fling, Outline of Historical Method, Lincon 1899

33. John M. Vincent, Historical Research : An Outline of Theory & Practice, New York 1911

34. Tejram Sharma, Itihas Mein Shodh Vidhi (In Hindi)

35. Atul Kumar Sinha, Itihas; Mulya Aur Arth, Anamika Publishers & Distributers, New Delhi (In Hindi)



PAPER CODE : HISCWP-II(A)

PAPER NAME : HISTORY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ECOLOGY IN INDIA

Unit I : Ecology : What is Ecology; Scop of Ecology; Ecology - Science or Art; Relation to other Subjects; Basic Concept of Ecology Environment: What is Environment; Component of Environment. Science and Ethics of Environmental Care and - Sustainability; Conservation. Its trading in India, Concept of Nature in Spiritual Traditions; Ethics of Environmental Awareness and Source of Biodiversity Conservation in Ancient Culture and Literature of India.

Unit II : Environment Consciousness in Ancient India : Indus Valley Civilization : Planned Urbanization, Drainage System, Waste Management, Worship of Different Components of Nature, Prakriti and Purush; Environmental Consciousness in Vedic Period; Environmental Consciousness in Post Vedic Period; Forest and Wild Life Management in Maurya and Post - Maurya Period; Small Scale industries based on Natural Resources in Ancient India.

Unit III : Environmental Consciousness in Medieval India: Exploration and use of Natural Resources for Economic Development in Early Medieval India.

Unit IV : Environmental and Ecological Consciousness in Modem India: Over Exploitation of Natural Resources; Establishment of Industries based on Indian Natural Resources; Forest and Wild Life Management in British India

Unit V : Environmental Issues since Independent India

Books Recommended:

1. Dr. Aaradhana Salpekar, Dr. Kadambari Sharma, "Encyclopedia of Ecology and Environment" New Delhi, 2007, Bhartiya KhadiGramododyog Vikas Adhikaran.

2. Mahua Sarkar, Environment and History, Kalpaz Publications, Delhi, 2008

3. Venkateshwaran, Reddy, "Environment Development and the Gender Gap", Sage Publication

4. Shastri, Madhu and Rajesh, Environmental Priorities in India.

5. Bansil, PC., Water Management in India, Concept Pub., 2004

6. "Environmental Degradation : Socio-Economic Consequences, Rawat Pub., New Delhi, 1998

7. M.S. Rathore, Environment and Development, Raw'at Pub., New Delhi, 1996

8. \R. P. Misra, Environment Ethics - A Dialogue of Cultures, Concept Pub., 1995

9. Pravin Sheth, Environmentation - Politics, Ecology of Development, Rawat Pub., New Delhi, 1997
10. Vandana Shiva, Ecology and Politics of Survival, Sage Pub., New Delhi 1991

11.Ranjan Chakraborti, Situating Environmental History (ed) Manohar Pub., New Delhi, 2007
12.Madhav Gadgil and Reamachandra Guha, The Fissured Land : An Ecological History of India, Delhi, 1993

13.Mahesh Rangarajan, Fevering the forest Conservation and Ecological Changes in India's Central Provinces, Delhi, 1996.

14.Ramachandra Guha, Environmentalism - A Global History, New Delhi 2000

15. Tapan Kumar Chattopadhyay, India and the Ecology Question, Kolkata 1999



PAPER CODE: HISCWP-II(B)

NAME OF THE PAPER: History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)

Unit-I: a) Sources of the History of Kamata and Cooch Behar

b) Literary sources: indigenous and foreign.

c) Archaeological and Numismatic sources.

d) Myths and oral traditions.

Unit-2: a) Political condition of the Teesta-Brahmaputra Valley on the eve of the emergence to the Kamrup-Kamata Kingdom.

b) Rise and fall of the Khen kingdom.

Unit-3: a) Advent of the Koches in the Teesta- Brahmaputra Region.

b) Territorial expansion under Naranarayan: The birth of the Koch kingdom Empire.

c) Internal Dissension and the division of the kingdom empire.

d) Muslim invasions and Koch resistance.

e) The trade, commerce and industrial canvas.

f) Art, architecture and literature.

Unit-4: Koch-Bhutan Relations:

a) Bhutanese invasions in Koch Kingdom and its impact.

b) Background of the Anglo-Koch Treaty.

PAPER CODE: CWP-III(A) (Course Work Paper)

PAPER NAME : Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200A.D)

Unit I : Sources, Origin and functions of state:

a.Sources

b.Divine Theory

c.Social-Contract Theory

d.Aims and functions of State

Unit II : Vedic Polity

a. Origin of Kingship, Growth of royal power

b. Sabha and Samiti

c. Administrative Organization

Unit III : Mahajanapadas, Republics and Kingdoms: Rise of Territorial States

a. The Mauryan Empire: Extent and character of the Mauryan Empire

b. Mauryan Administration

c. The Sungas, Kanvas, Indo-Greeks, Sakas- Pallavas

d. The Kushanas.

e. The Satavahanas and Western Khatrapas.

UNIT IV : The Guptas,Vakatakas and Vardhanas

a. Political consolidation-extent and structure

b. Gupta Administration

c. Huna invasion

Unit V : Harshabardhan, Sasanka of Gouda, Chalukyas, Pallavas and the Cholas

a.Extent of kindoms

b.Harsha's Administration

c.Chola Administration

d. Palas

e. Senas

Books Recommended:

1. F.E.Pargitar, Ancient Indian Historical Tradition, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi
2. F.E.Pargitar, The Purana Text of the Dynasties of the Kali Age, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi
3. PV. Kane, History of Dharmashastra, V Vols. Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona
4. Ramgopal, India of Vedic Kalpasutras, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi
5. U.N. Ghoshal, A History of Indian Political Ideas, Oxford Univ. Press, Bombay'
6. A.S. Altekar, State and Government in Ancient India, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi 1996
7. K.P. Jayaswal, Hindu Polity: A Constitutional History of India in Hindu Times, 2 Parts, Eastern Book House, Patna, 1988
8. Radha Krishna Choudhury, Pracheen Bhartiya Rajniti Aur Shasan, Bharti Bhawan, Patna
9. Parmatma Sharan, Pracheen Bharat Mein Rajnitik Vichar evam Sansthayen.
10. R.S. Sharma, Prachin Bhartiya Rajnitik Vichar evam Sansthayen.
11. R.C. Majumder (ed.) The History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. 1-5.
12. K.A.Nilkantha Sastri, A History of South India.
13. V.R.Ramchandra Dikshitar, The Mauryan Polity, Madras. 1932.
14. R.S. Sharma, Origine of the State in India.
15. D.C. Sirkar, Studies in the Political and Administrative System in Ancient India and Medieval India. 16. R.Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas.
17 R.Thapar, History of India, Vol-I.
18. B.C. Law, India as described in Early Texts of Budhim and Jainism.
19. R.S. Sharma, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
20. A.L. Basham, The Wonder That Was India.
21. Hemchandra Ray Chaudhury, Political History of Ancient India.
22. J.P. Sharma, Republics in Ancient India, c 1500 BC-500 BC.
23. R. K. Mukherjee, Local Government in Ancient India



PAPER CODE: CWP-III(B) (COURSE WORK PAPER)

PAPER NAME: Political History of Medieval India(C 1200 -1750AD)

Unit I: Sultanate:

A. Historiography and Sources.

B. Political Structure: 1206-1290, 1290-1450, and 1450-1526.

a. Expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate;

b. Central structure and military organization;

c. iqta;

d. territorial changes;

e.Mongol Threat;

f.Relations with rural intermediaries;

g. Legitimation of political authority;

i. Theories of Kingship;

j.Symbols and rituals of sovereignty;

k. Relations with autonomous chieftains;

C. Vijaynagar and Bahamani kingdom: Central, provincial and local administration

Unit-II: Establishment of Mughal rule and Mughal- Afgan conflict:

(a) Historiography and sources

(b) Babar's invasion and establishment of the Mughal rule in India

(c) Humayun's struggle for empire

(d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reforms

Unit- III: Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar, Zahangir , Shahjahan & Aurangzeb:

(a) Campaigns and conquests.

(b) Formation and evolution of the Mughal ruling class, nobilities.

(c) Mughal administration: central, provincial and village administration, Mansabdari and Jagirdari system.

(d) Policy of North-West frontier, Central Asian policy and the Deccan Policy

Unit IV: Systematic Crisis and Collapse

a. Tensions and conflicts inherent in the Imperial system

b. Pattern of Resistance, Collapse of Empire and

c. Emergency regional states

(i) Bengal under the Mughals.

(ii) Maratha: Rise of Shibaji and Maratha administration.

(iii) Rajput: Rajput policy of the Mughals, Rajput-Mughal conflicts.

Unit V: Interpreting Eighteen Century Polity (Up to 1750)

Books Recommended:

1. R.P. Tripathi, Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
2. G.S.Sardesai, Rise of the Maratha Power 20
3. Mohamad Habib & Khalil Ahmad Nizami, Delhi Sultanate, Bhag 1-4 (In Hindi)
4. J.L. Mehta, Madhyakalin Bharat Ka Brihat Itihas, Bhag 1 -3 (In Hindi)
5. Irfan Habib (ed.) Madhyakalin Bharat, Bhag 1 -4 (In Hindi)
6. I.H. Qureshi, The Administration of Delhi" Sultanate, Lahore, 1944
7. M.B. Ahamad, The Administration of Justice in Medieval India, Aligarh, 1941
8. U.N. Dey, Administrative System of Delhi Sultanate.
9. Madhab Chandra Adhikary, Impact of Adminitrative Reforms in Social Transition in India During the Period of the Mughals (1526-1707)
10. Satish Chandra, Medieval India
11. Sir Jadunath Sarkar, History and History Writing of Mughal India
12.----------History of Aurangzeb 5 Vols
13.----------,Studies in Mughal India
14.----------,Study of the Eighteen Century
15.----------, Shivaji and His Time
16.N. K. Sinha, Rise of Sikh Power
17.R.P. Khosla, Mughal Kingship and Nobility
18.A. L. Srivastav, The Mughal Empire
19.J. B. Tavernier, Travels in India
20.R.C. Majumder, The Mughal Empire
21.----------, The Maratha Supremacy
22.Ranade, The Rise of the Maratha Power
23.I.S. Qureshi, Mughal Administration.
24.Abdul Aziz,Mansabdary System and the Mughal Army
25.Aniruddha Ray, Some Aspects of the Mughal Administration.
26.J F. Richards, Mughal Administration
27.A.B.M Habibullah, The Foudations of Muslim Rule in India

28.V. A Smith , Akbar the Great Mughals.

29.Elliot and Dowson,History of India as told by its own Historians, Vols .III and IV

30.Habibullah, A. B. M. ,The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, 1961

31.Lane Poole, Medieval IndiaP, Saran, Studies in Medieval Indian History

32.R.P. Tripathi, Some Aspects of Muslim Administration

33.R.P. Tripathi, Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire

34. Sir Wolseley Haig, Cambridge History of India, Vol. III

35.Ziauddin Barani, Tarikh-i- Firoz- Shahi 36.A.S. Beveridge, Memoirs of Babur

37.Grenard, Fernand, Babur, First of the Moghals,1930

38.William Rushbrook, An Empire Builder of the Sixteenth Century,1918

39. Sri Ram Sharma, The Mughal Empire in India

40.Iswari Prashad, The life and Times of Humayun

41.Abul Fazal ,Ain-i-Akbari

42.----------Akbarnamah

43.Makhan Lal Choudhury, Din-i-Ilahi

44.William Irvine, Army of the Indian Mughals

45.Moreland W.H., India at the Death of Akbar

46.----------India from Akbar to Aurangazeb



PAPER CODE: CWP – III(C) (COURSE WORK PAPER)

PAPER NAME: Political History of Modern India (1757-1947 AD)

Unit I : Rise of British Colonialism in India

a. East India Company: Nature, Structure and policy
b. Princely States from Hastings to Dalhousie
c. Armature Colonial State: Army, Law and Policy

Unit II : Strategies of Imperial Control:

a. Colonial Ideologies: Orientalism, Utilitarianism, Whiggism, Missionary, Evangelicalism
b. The Colonial State: Administrative changes
c. The Bureaucratic Apparatus: Recruitment and Training
d. Declaration of the British Crown and its impact on Indian

Unit III: Select Issues in the History of Nationalism in India

a. The Indian intelligentsia; intellectual cross-currents; print, press, societies, associations and socio-political reforms
b. The Indian Polity and the Early Congress
c. Traditionalist and Modern Politics; conflicts and riots

Unit IV: Towards Independence

a. The Swadeshi Movement and its Aftermath
b. Revolutionary Nationalism
c. Congress and Social Groups and Class: Untouchables, Capitalist, Peasants and Workers
d. Transfer of Power and Independence

Select Readings:

1. P. Lawson, The East India Company: A History, London: Longmans, 1993.
2. R. Barnett, Rethinking Early Modern India, Manohar, New Delhi, 2002.
3. D. Peers, India under Colonial Rule 1700-1885, Harlow and London: Pearson Longmans, 2006.
4. J. Malcolm, Political History of British India from 1784 to 1823, New Delhi, Associatated Pub. House 1970 22

5. T.R. Metcalf, Ideologies of the Raj: The New Cambridge History of India, III.4, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

6. Thomas R. Metcalf, The Aftermath of Revolt: India, 1857-1870, New Delhi, Manohar, 1990.

7. Partha Sarathi Gupta and A. Deshpande (eds.), The British Raj and Its Indian Armed Forces, 1857-1939, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2002 .

8. Barbara N. Ramusack, The Indian Princes and their States, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2004.

9. L.S.S. O'Malley, Indian Civil Service, 1601-1930, London: John Murray, 1934.

10. Anil Seal The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, London: Cambridge University Press,1971.

11. J. R. McLane Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1977.

12. Rajat Ray Social Conflict and Political Unrest in Bengal, 1875-1927, Delhi ; New York : Oxford University Press, 1984.

13. C.A. Bayly The Local roots of Indian Politics: Allahabad, 1880-1920, Oxford 1975.

14. Sumit Sarkar, The Swadeshi Movement in Benga; Permanent Black, New Delhi, 1973.

15. Peter Hardy The Muslims of British India, London, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

16. David Lelyveld, Aligarh's First Generation: Muslim Solidarity in British India, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1978.

17. Tapan Raychaudhuri, Europe Reconsidered: Perceptions of the West in Nineteenth century Bengal. Delhi; New York: Oxford University Press, 1988.

18. Partha Chatterjee, Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1993.

PAPER CODE: RP- I (RESEARCH PAPER)

TERM PAPER, SEMINAR AND VIVA-VOCE

FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Research paper (RP-II)	History of Contemporary India (C.E.1947-2000)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper (RP-III)	History of Science Technology and Medicine in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)					
Research paper(RP-IV)	i.Socio-cultural and Economic History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D) / ii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D)/ iii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D.)	75	20	5	100	5
Final Submission Research Work (RP-V)	Final Dissertation	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

PAPER CODE: HISRP-II

PAPER NAME: Contemporary India (1947-2000)

Unit I : Nehru Era: a. Making of Constitution

b. Challenges before Indian States and National Integration

c. Elections and Political Parties d. Foreign policy of India under Nehru Unit

II : Breakdown of Congress System:

a. L. B. Shastri and Indo-Pak relation

b. New Political Alignment c. Indira Gandhi - War of 197

Unit III : a. Nationalization, Green Revolution,

b. Emergency

c. Movement of J.P.

d. Janta Party Rule

Unit IV : a. Return of Indira Gandhi

b. Rajiv Gandhi and New Economic Policy

c. Emergence of New Hindu Nationalism

Unit V : a. Mandal Politics of 1990's and V. P. Singh

b. Temple Movement and consolidation of Hindu Nationalist Movement

c Post LPG Economic Reform Movement and its consequences Books

Recommended:

1. Bipan Chandra, India After Independence

2. D. D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India

3. V. P. Dutt, Badalti Duniya Mein Bharat Ki Videsh Niti

4. B. R. Naddha, Indian Foreign Policy: The Nehru Years, 1976

5. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, 1986

6. Daniel Thomer, The Shaking of Modem Iijdja, 1980

7. Hiranmay Kerlelkar, Independent India: The First Fifty Years, 1998

8. Paul R. Brass, The Politics Of India since Independence, 1992

9. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India, 1997

10. Partho Chatteijee (ed.) Wages of Freedom 'fifty years the Indian Nation State, 1998.

11.Ramchandra Guha, India After Gandhi, Penguin

12.Ramchandra Guha, India After Nehru,Penguin

13.Chatterjee Partha, The Nation and its Fragmanet: Colonial and Post Colonial Histories.

14.M.S. Rajan, Non-Alignment and Non-alignment Movement

15.Kohily Atul(ed), The Success of India's Democracy

16.Oldenburg, Philip, India, Pakistan and Democracy: Solving the Puzzle of Divergent Paths

PAPER CODE: HISRP-III(A)

PAPER NAME : History of Science and Technology

Unit I : a. Introduction - Science and Technology in Ancient Times - Greece, Rome and India - Progress of Science and Technology. b. Renaissance in Europe - Copernicus, Galileo, Da Vinci - Scientific Societies - Newton – Harvey

Unit II : a. Development in Astronomy - Aryabhatta, Varahmihira and Bhaskar -1 b. Development in Medicine and Surgery - Charaka and Sushruta, c. Astronomy in the Arab world and its impact on Sawai Jai Singh

Unit III : a. Science and Technology in 20th Century - Einstein, Roentgen, Madam Curie and Radium, Rutherford; Atom Bomb.

b. Progress of National Science in India - J. C. Bose, P. C. Roy, S. Ramanujam, Homi Bhabha, Hargovind Khorana, APJ Abdul Kalam.

Books Recommended:

1. Stephen Hawking, A Brief History of Time.

2. APJ Abdul Kalam, Wings of Fire.

3. D. B. Chattapadhyaya, History of SciShivnath Jharkhandi, Bhartiya Jyotish.

5. O.P. Jaggi, Science and Technology in Medieval India 1977, Delhi Scientists of Ancient India and their Achievements, Delhi.

6. History of Greek, Cambridge by T. I. Heath.

7. G. Prasad, Bhartiya Jyotish Ka Itihas, Lucknow.

8. Samrendra Nath Sen, Vigyan Ka Itihas, Bihar Hindi Granth Akadami, Patna (In Hindi).

9. B. C. Sharma, Education Science and Literature in the Gupta Age.

10.Irfan Habib, Technology in Medieval India, Tulika Books, Aligarh Historian Society.

11.Vijay Lakshmi Sharma, Antarashtriya Pariprekshya Mein Bhartiya Vigyan, Radhakrishna Prakashan, New Delhi, 1990 (In Hindi).

12. Singer, C. et, al, (eds.), A History of Technology 5 Vols., Oxford, 1954-58

13.V. K. Thakur & K. K. Mandal (eds.), Science, Technology and Medicine in Indian History, Janki Prakashan, Patna.

14.N. R. Banerjee, The Iron Age in India, Delhi, 1965.

15.V. K. Thakur, Technology and Social Change : Iron in Early India, Patna, 1996.

16.D. M. Bose, et. al. (ed.), A Concise History ofScience in India, New Delhi, 1972.

17.R. S. Sharma, Material Cultural and Social Formation in Ancient India, Delhi. 1983.



PAPER CODE: HISRP-III(B)
PAPER NAME: History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)

Unit-1: a) The Anglo-Koch Treaty and extinction of the Independent.

b) Foundation and consolidation of the Company's rule: conflict and confrontation.

c) Beginning of modernization

d) Reforms of the land revenue system

Unit-2: a) Nripendra Narayan and his times

b) Brahma Samaj in Cooch Behar and its Impact on education and culture

c) Religion, education, literature, music, games and sports

Unit-3: a) Thakur Panchanan Barma and his social movement

b) Thoughts of Thakur Panchanan Barma: Political, Social and Economic

c) Thakur Panchanan Barma and emancipation of women

Unit-4: a) Society- Rajbanshis, Muslims, Tribals and other communities

b) Land revenue systems and agrarian relations

c) Industry

d) Trade and commerce

Unit- 5: a) Regency rule: Maharani Indira Devi.

b) Indian National movement and the Maharajas of Cooch Behar.

c) Birth of Hitasadhani Sabha, Praja Mandal and the State Congress.

d) Accession to the union of India, Merger and Anti-Merger Politics.

e) Post merger scenario.

Books recommended for HISCWPII(B) AND HISRPIII(B)

1) S.P. Sen (ed): Modern Bengal: A Socio-Economic Survey

2) R.C.Majumdar: Glimpses of Bengalin the 19th century..

3) N.K.Sinha: Economic History of Bengal, Vol- I & II.

4) N.N.Acharya: The History of Medieval Assam.

5) S.N.Bhattacharya: Mughal North-East Frontier Policy.

6) Mackenzie: The North-East Frontier of India.

7) M.Neogi: Sankardev and his predicessors.

8) R.M.Lahiri: The Annexation of Assam.

9) Munshi Joynath Ghosh: Rajopakshan, Edited by Biswanath Das.

10)Khan Chowdhury Amanatullah Ahamed: Cooch Beharer Ithihas.

11) K.L.Barooah: Early History of Kamrupa: From earliest time to the end of the sixteenth century.

12)Harendra Narayan Chowdhury: The Cooch Behar State and its Land Revenue Settlements.

13) Arabinda Dev: Bhutan and India: A Study in Frontier Political Relations (1772-1865).

14) D.Nath: History of Koch Kingdom (1515-1645).

15)Upendra Nath Barman: Uttar Banger Sekal O Amar Jiban Smriti.

16) Upendra Nath Barman: Rajbanshi Kshatriya Jatir Itihas.

17) Upendra Nath Barman: Thakur Panchanan Barmar Jiban Charit.

18)Madhab Chandra Adhikary; Rajbanshi Samaj O Manisi Panchanan Barma

19)Arun Bhushan Majumdar: Pratyush O Prodosh Kaler Kamata Cooch Behar.

20) Ratna Roy Sanyal: The Raj and the Princely State of Cooch Behar: A Study of Anglo-Koch Relations 1772-1839.

21)N.G.Rhodes and S.k. Bose: The Coinage of Cooch Behar

22) Suniti Kumar Chatterjee: Kirat-Jana-Kriti, the Indo-Mongoloids their Contribution to the History and Culture of India

23) P.K.Bhattacharya, The Kingdom of Kamata Koch Behar in Historical Perspective

24) S.C.Ghosal, A History of Cooch Behar.

25E.A.Gait, The Koch Kings of Kamrupa

26)B.N.Mukherjee and P.K. Bhattacharya, (Ed) Early Historical Perspective of North Bengal. 27)Arun Bhusan Majumdar, Bhutan Past and Present.

28)Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Land and Livelihood: A Study of Agro-Political Movements of a Bengal District, Jalpaiguri.

29)Kartik Chandra Sutradhar and Amit Roy (Ed), Society, Economy and Environment of Tista-Brahmaputra Valley.

30) Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Kamrup-Kamata-Cooch Beharer Itihas.

31)Sukhbilas Barma, (ed)Socio-Political Movement of North Bengal.

32)Sukhbilash Barma, Indomitable Panchanan

33)Sailen Debnath, Social and Political Tension in North Bengal Since 1947

PAPER CODE : HISRP-IV(A) (RESEARCH PAPER)

PAPER NAME : Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Ancient India(Vedic Period to 1200 AD)

Unit I : Ancient Indian Society:

a. Sources

b.Social Structure: Varna System, , Untouchables,Caste System

c. Untouchables, Slavery, Labour, Varnashankara

d. Position of Shudras

e. Marriage and property right f. Position of women

Unit II : Social Institutions

a.Ashram System and Purushartha

b.Sanskar and Marriage

c.Education - Nature and Aims

d.Educational Centres - Taxshila and Nalanda

Unit III : Indian Economy up to Gupta Period:

a.Vedic Economy

b.Second Urban Economy prior to Mauryas

c.Mauryan and Shunga Economy

d.Gupta Economy

Unit IV : Science and Technology .

a. Major Development of Medicine and Surgery .

b. Astrology and Astrono

c.Metallurgy, Mathematics and Geometry

Unit V : Trade and Commerce

a. Internal Trade

b. Foreign Trade

c. Trade Routes

d. Exchange and Coin

Unit VI : Debate on Feudalism

Unit VII : Art and Architecture

a. Mauryan and Sunga Art and Architecture

b. Gupta Art and Architecture

c. Pallava Art and Architecture

d. Chola Art and Architecture

e. Music

Unit VIII : Literature

a. Sangam Literature

b. Sanskrit Literature

Unit IX : Religion and Philosophy

a.Religion: Shaivism, Vaishnavism, Tantrism, Jainism, Buddhism, Judaism, and Islam

b.Philosophy: Six Schools of Philosophy, Vedanta and Mimamsa

Books Recommended:

1. R.S Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi, 1983 (Also in Hindi) 28

2. D.N. Jha, Ancient India in Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998

3. D.DKosambi, The Culture and Civilization Ancient India in Historical Outline, 4th ed. Vikas Pub., New Delhi, 1976

4. Julius Jolly, Hindu Law and Customs, Bharatiya Pub. House, Varanasi, 1975

5. A.S. Altekar, Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi, 1965

6. Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History, Orient Longman, Hyderabad 1978

7. Jaishankar Mishra, Pracheen Bharat Ka Itihas, Biha&Hindi Granth Academy, Patna (in Hindi)

8. Om Prakash,Pracheen Bhartiya Samaj Evam Aarthvyavastha, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

9. Shivrup Sahay, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Evam Aarthik Itihas, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

10. P. V. Kane, Dharmashastra Ka Itihas, (In 5 Parts), Bhandarkar Research Institute, Puna, 1968-77

11.Kailash Chandra Jain, Pracheen Bhartiya Samajik Evam Aarthik Sansthaye, r Madhya Pradesh, Delhi Granth Academy, Bhopal (in Hindi)

12.R.S Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi, 1983 (Also in Hindi)

13.D.N. Jha, Ancient India in Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998

14.D.D. Kosambi, The Culture and Civilization Ancient India in Historical Outline, 4th ed. Vikas Pub., New Delhi, 1976

15.Julius Jolly, Hindu Law and Customs, Bharatiya Pub. House, Varanasi, 1975

16.A.S. Altekar, Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi, 1965

17.Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History, Orient Longman, Hyderabad 1978

18.Jaishankar Mishra, Pracheen Bharat Ka Itihas, Biha&Hindi Granth Academy, Patna (in Hindi)

19.Om Prakash,Pracheen Bhartiya Samaj Evam Aarthvyavastha, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

20. Shivrup Sahay, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Evam Aarthik Itihas, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

21. P. V. Kane, Dharmashastra Ka Itihas, (In 5 Parts), Bhandarkar Research Institute, Puna, 1968-77

22.Kailash Chandra Jain, Pracheen Bhartiya Samajik Evam Aarthik Sansthaye, r Madhya Pradesh, Delhi Granth Academy, Bhopal (in Hindi)

23. P.N. Banerjee, A Study of Indian Economy

24. P.N. Banerjee, A History of Indian Taxation

25. S.K.Das, Economic History of Ancient India

26. S.G. A. Hussain, Economic History of Ancient India

27.M.A. Buck, Economic Life in Ancient India

28.H.P. Chhakra, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India

29.M.P Charls Worth, Roman Trade With India

30.Balram Srivastava, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India

31.B. Chattopadhyay, The Age of kushana

32.N.R. Baneijee, The Iron Age in India, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1965

33.G.L. Adhya, Early Indian Economics : Studies in Economic Life of Northern And Western India (C200B.C - 300A.D.)

34.Radhakrishna Chaudhary, Ashok Kumar, Pracheen Bharat Ka Aarthik Itihas, Janki Prakashan, Patna (in Hindi)

35.Om Prakash, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Aur Aarthik Itihas, (2 Parts) New Age International, New Delhi (in Hindi)

36.Krishan Dutt Bajpai, Bhartiya Vyapaar Ka Itihas, Math Mathura (In Hindi)

37. Sri Ram Goyal, Vedic Aur Janpadyugin Bharat, Meghna Prakashan, Jodhpur (Hindi)

38. Shashi Anand, Maurya Kal Me Vitiye Vyavastha, Classical Pub., New Delhi (in Hindi)

39.R.S. Sharma, Pracheen Bharat Ka Aarthik Avam Samaj ik Itihas, Delhi University (in Hindi)

40.O.K. Gupta, Pracheen Bharat Me Vyapar, Vishwabharti, 2004 (in Hindi)

41.B.P Sahu, Iron and Social Change in Early India, OUP, N. Delhi, 2007

42.R.C. Majumder(ed.) The History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. 1-5.

43. N. Subrahmanium, Sangam polity: The Administration and Social life of the Sangam Tamils.

44. F. Engels, The Origin of the Family, Private Property and the State.

45. S.A. Dange, India from Primitive Communism to Slavery.

46.B.C. Law, India as described in Early Texts of Budhism and Jainism.

47. S.V. Ketkar, The History of Caste in India.

48.R.S. Sharma,The State and Varna Formation in the Mid- Ganga Plains.

49. Subira Jaiswal, The Origin and Development of Vaisnavism.

50. S. Radhakrishna, History of Indian Philosophy.

51. S. Dasgupta, History of Indian Philosophy.



PAPER CODE : HISRP-III(B) (RESEARCH PAPER)
Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Medieval India(C 1200-1750 AD)

Unit I : Formation of Regional Identities Movement and Cult:

a. Jagannath cult in Orissa,
b. Vaishanvite movment in Eastern India,
c. Warkari movement and Vithoba Cult in Maharastra,
d. Rishi tradition in Kshmir,
e. Vira-shaiva in Karnataka,
f. Acharyas and Madhos in Tamil region,
g. Ascendency of Namboodris in Kerala and clan and community solidarity.

Unit II :Bhakti and Sufi Movements

a. Sufism: Its origin, concepts and practices, relation with other religious group
b. Bhakti: Nathpanthis, Kabir, Sant tradition, Nanak, Dadu, Chaitanya, Tulsidas, Namdev,Mirabai, Mahadevi Akka

Unit III: Social and religious Life of India in Medieval period

a. King
b. Nobles
c. Middle Classes
d. Lower Classes
e. Caste system
f. Customs
g. Education,
h. Fair and festivals
i. Food and dress
j. Position of women
k. Town and town life –Artisans and Slaves
l. Religion- Hindu religion, Sikh religion and Islam . State attitude towards the Hindus
n. Hindu and Muslim relation

Unit-IV :Economic life of India in Medieval period

a. Agrarian class and Production, Village society and revenue system

b. Non-agrarian productions:- Textiles, Metallurgy, Building industry, other Crafts including paper making

c. Land System, Iqta system, Ownership of land,

d. Jaigirdary system and its crisis

e. Urban and rural Economy

f. Standard of living

Unit V : Trade and Commerce:

a. Inland and Maritime

b. Inland and Maritime trade under Vijayanagar Empire

c. Inland and Maritime trade under Bahmani Kingdom

d. Inland and Foreign trade under great Mughals.

e. Role of foreign trading companies and Position of the Indian Merchants

f. Trend of India's Economy and Prospects during the First Half of the Eighteen Century

Unit VI : Growth of Cities and towns u under the Sultanate period:

a. Growth of Cities and towns under the Great Mughals

b. Karkhana and Industries under the Sultanate Period, Vijayanagar empire

c. Karkhanas and industries under the Great Mughals d. Coins and Guild system in medieval period

Unit VII : Science and Technology

Unit VII : Art and Literature

a. Architecture under the Delhi Sultanate

b. Architecture under the Mughals

c. Growth of literature under the Delhi Sultanate

d. Growth of literature under the Mughals

e. Paintings in the Mughal Period

f. Development of Music in Mughal Period

Books Recommended:

1. Irfan Habib, Agrarian System in Mughal India
2. J. L. Metha, Advanced Study in History of Medieval India
3. W. H. Moreland, The Agrarian System of Moslem India
4. P.N. Ojha, Aspects of Medieval Indian Society and Culture
5. P.N. Ojha, North Indian Social Life During the Mughal Period
6. Vijay Kr. Thakur, Towns in Pre - Modem India
7. Satish Chandra, History of Medieval India
8. K.L. Khurana, Medieval India
9. K. M. Ashraf, Hindustan Ke Niwasiyo Ka Jeevan Aur Unki Paristhitiyan (In Hindi)
10. Akhilesh Jayaswal, Madyakalm Bharat Ka Itihas (In Hindi)
11. Radhe Sharan, Madyakalin Bharat Ka Samajik Aur Aarthik Itihas (In Hindi)
12. W.H. Morland, Akbar Se AurangjebTak, (Trans.) K.K, Triwedi (In Hindi)
13. RHC. Saxena, Madhyakalin Itihas Ke Arthik Pahloo, Jaipur (In Hindi)
14. R. K. Paruthi, Madhyakalin Itihas Ke Arthik Itihas, Delhi (In Hindi)
15. Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, OUP
16. P.N. Chopra, Society and Culture During the Mughal Age
17. Tara Chand, Influence of Islam on Indian Culture
18. Satish Chandra, Medieval Indian Society
19. Fergussion, History of Indian and Eastern Architecture
20. Percy Brown, Indian Architecture
21. B.W. Lunia, Evaluation of Indian Culture
22. John Marshall, Monuments of Muslim India
23. Z.A. Desai, Indo Muslim Architecture
24. Syed Abdul Latif,(ed.), Culture History of India
25. Yusuf Huddian, Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture
26. Mohammad Yasin, A Social history of Islamic India
27. Ishwari Prasad, A Short History of Muslim India
28. J.N. Sarkar, Studies in Mughal Empire
29. B.P. Saxena, History of Shahjahan of Delhi
30. Woolsley Haig (ed.), Cambridge History of India,Vol.IV -V

31. Rizvi, The Wonder That Was India
32. Harish Chandra Varma, Madhya Kalin Bharat Ka Itihas, Part 1 - 2 (In Hindi)
33. A.L. Srivastava, Madhya Kalin Bharat Ka Samaj Evam Sanskriti (In Hindi)
34. S.K.De, Early History of the Vaisnava Faith and Movement in Bengal
35. R. Sewell, A Forgotten Empire



PAPER CODE: RP-IV(C) (RESEARCH PAPER)
Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757-1947A.D.)

Unit I : Social History of Modern India

a. Colonial State: Caste, gender and politics
b. Women and Social Reform: Sati, Widow Remarriage, Pardah, Child Marriage,
c. Women Education
d. Rise of New Classes: Middle Classes and Labour
e. Emergence of Caste Association

Unit II: Cultural History of Modern India

a. Popular Culture in Colonial India
b. British Culture in Colonized land: Painting, Theatre and Clubs
c. Indian intelligentsia: Painting, Drama, Music and Literature
d. Fair and Festivals

Unit III: Indian Economy

a. Sources of Economic History: Different approaches and their Limitations
b. Rural Economy: Land and agriculture, Artisan and Handicraft,
c. Land revenue Systems and Commercial Law
d. Colonial Infrastructure: Railway and Irrigation
e. Trade and Finance in Colonial India

Unit III: Debate in Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Modern India

a. Age of Consent Bill
b. debates around Sanskritization
c. Women marginalization in Popular Culture
d. Deindustrialization

Select Readings:

1. Bayly, Susan, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.

2. Chandra, Sudhir, The Oppressive Present: Literature and Social Consciousness in Colonial India. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992.

3. Dube, Ishita-Banerjee (ed.), Caste in History, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2008.

4. Forbes, Geraldine, Women in Modern India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 34 1996.

5. Sarkar, Sumit, Writing Social History. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.

6. Ravinder Kumar, Essays in the Social History of Modern India, Oxford University Press, 1983.

7. Forbes, Geraldine, Women in Modern India (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1996)

8. Gupta, Charu, Sexuality, Obscenity, Community: Women, Muslims and the Hindu Public in Colonial India (Permanent Black, Delhi, 2001)

9. Bakhle, Janaki. 2005. Two Men and Music: Nationalism in the Making of a Modern Classical Tradition. Delhi: Permanent Black.

10. Ghosh, Anindita. 2006. Power in Print: Popular Publishing and the Politics of Language and Culture in a Colonial Society, 1778-1905. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

11. Guha-Thakurta, Tapati. 2004. Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institutions of Art in Colonial and Post-Colonial India. New York: Columbia University Press.

12. Dharma Kumar, Land and Caste in South India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge,1965.

13. Ranajit Guha, A Rule of Property in Bengal: An Essay on the Idea of Permanent Settlement, Duke University Press, New Delhi, 1982.

14. Asiya Siddiqui (ed.), Trade and Finance in Colonial India 1750-1860, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1995.

15. B.B Chaudhury, Growth of Commercial Agriculture in Bengal 1757-1900, Calcutta, 1964.

16. K.N. Raj et al (eds.), Commercialisation of Indian Agriculture, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1985.

17. Sabyasachi Bhattacharya, The Financial Foundations of the British Raj, Simla, Indian Institute of Advanced Study, 1971.

18. Dharma Kumar ed., The Cambridge Economic History of India, ii (Orient Longmans, Delhi 1984), selected portions.

PAPER CODE: HISRP-V (FINAL SUBMISSION OF RESEARCH WORK)
DISSERTATION, SEMINAR AND VIVA -VOCE

ONE YEAR PG SYLLABUS UNDER NEP -2020

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Course Work paper (CWP- I)	Principle of History	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-II) ANY ONE	History of Environment and Ecology in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)					
Course Work paper (CWP-III) ANY ONE	i.Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D.)	75	20	5	100	5
	ii.Political History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D)					
	iii.Political History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D)					
Research paper(RP-I)	Term Paper /Project	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Research paper (RP-II)	History of Contemporary India (C.E.1947-2000)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper (RP-III) ANY ONE	History of Science Technology and Medicine in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)					
Research paper(RP-IV)	i.Socio-cultural and Economic History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D)	75	20	5	100	5

ANY ONE	ii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D) iii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D.)					
Final Submission Research Work (RP-V)	Final Dissertation	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

ABBREVIATIONS:

ESE = End Semester Examination(75marks)
CE = Continuous Evolution (Written Test, Viva-voce, Seminar, Assignment) (20 Marks)
A = Attendance(5Marks)
CC = Core Course (100 Marks)
DCE= Discipline Centric Electives (100 Marks)
GES= Generic Elective Subjects (100 Marks)
CWP= Course Work Paper (100 Marks)
PR = Research Paper (100 Marks)



ONE YEAR DETAILS PG SYLLABUS UNDER NEP- 2020

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Course Work paper (CWP- I)	Principle of History	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-II)	History of Environment and Ecology in India History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)	75	20	5	100	5
Course Work paper (CWP-III)	i.Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D.) ii.Political History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D) iii.Political History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper(RP-I)	Term Paper /Project	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

PAPER CODE : HISCWP-I

NAME OF THE PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF HISTORY

Unit I : What is History: Meaning, Scope, Definition & Subject matter, Role of Individual and Society in Historical Development

Unit II : Varieties of History: Social, Political, Economic, Agrarian, Urban Psychological & Art; Autonomy of History

Unit III : Periodization in History and Notion of Time Semantics

Unit IV : Philosophy of History: Objectivity, Determinism, Relativism, Historicism, Causation Generalization, Historical Inevitability, Chance and Contingency in History

Unit V : Ancient : Itihas - Purana Tradition Budhist and Jain Historiography, Banbhatta and Kalhan

Medieval: Tradition of Indo-Persian writing in Indian History

Modern: Orientalist and Nationalist Writings in Indian History

Recommended Books:

1. R.K. Majumdar & A.N. Srivastava, Historiography, SHB Publisher & distributers, Delhi 1999

2. K. Rajayya, Historiography: History in Theory and Method

3. R. Lohia, Wheel of History (in English), Itihas Chakra (in Hindi)

R.G. Collingwood, The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, Delhi

5. B. Sheik Ali, History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan, New Delhi, Reprint, 2001

6. K.L. Khurana, Concepts and Methods of Historiography, Lakshmi Narain AgrawafAgra

7. E.H. Carr, What is History, Penguin Book, 1967

8. Mayerhoff, Philosophy of History in our Times, Doubleday & Company, 1959

9. Raymond Aron, Introduction to the Philosophy of History, London

10. P. Gardiner, Nature of Historical Explorations, Oxford, 1961

11. P. Gardiner, Theories of History, New York, 1969

12. Dharmendra Goel, Philosophy of History, Delhi, 1967

13. A.L. Rowse, The Use of History, London 1963

14. J. W. Thompson, History of Historical Writings, (2 Vols.), New York, 1942

15. Robert Paul Mohan, Philosophy of History : An Introduction, New York, 1958

16. William H. Dray, Philosophy of History, New York, 1964

17. Paramanand Singh, Itihas Darshan, Motilal Banarsidas, Varanasi, 1996, (In Hindi)

18. Arther Marwick, Itihas ka Swarupa (Anuvadaka Lai Bahadur Verma) Granth Shilpi, Delhi, (In Hindi)

19. Govind Chandra Pandey, Itihas Swarupa Sidhanta, Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur (in Hindi)

20. E.H. Carr, Itihas Kyahai, Macmillan, 1993 (In Hindi

21. Prabhat Kumar Shukla (ed.), Itihas Lekhan ki Vibhinn Drishtiyan, Granth Shilpi, 2012 (In Hindi) 22. Satish K. Bajpai, Research Methodology in History

23. Gilbert J. Garraghan, A Guide to Historical Method

24. Tej Ram Sharma, Research Methodology in History, Concept Publishing

25. Louis Gottschalk, Understanding History, University of Chicago, 1961

26. John C. B. Webster, Studying History, Macmillan, Delhi '

27. S.R. Tikekar, On Historiography, Bombay, 1964 6

28. Kirit K. Shah, Meher Joti (Eds.), Historiography Past & Present, Rawat Publication, New Delhi 29. Homer C. Hockett, The Critical Method in Historical Research & Writing

30. Marc Bloch, Historians Craft, Knopf, 1953

31. J.S. Grewal, Studies in Local & Regional History, Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar, 1974 32. Fred M. Fling, Outline of Historical Method, Lincon 1899

33. John M. Vincent, Historical Research : An Outline of Theory & Practice, New York 1911

34. Tejram Sharma, Itihas Mein Shodh Vidhi (In Hindi)

35. Atul Kumar Sinha, Itihas; Mulya Aur Arth, Anamika Publishers & Distributers, New Delhi (In Hindi)



PAPER CODE : HISCWP-II(A)

PAPER NAME : HISTORY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ECOLOGY IN INDIA

Unit I : Ecology : What is Ecology; Scope of Ecology; Ecology - Science or Art; Relation to other Subjects; Basic Concept of Ecology Environment: What is Environment; Component of Environment. Science and Ethics of Environmental Care and - Sustainability; Conservation. Its trading in India, Concept of Nature in Spiritual Traditions; Ethics of Environmental Awareness and Source of Biodiversity Conservation in Ancient Culture and Literature of India.

Unit II : Environment Consciousness in Ancient India : Indus Valley Civilization : Planned Urbanization, Drainage System, Waste Management, Worship of Different Components of Nature, Prakriti and Purush; Environmental Consciousness in Vedic Period; Environmental Consciousness in Post Vedic Period; Forest and Wild Life Management in Maurya and Post - Maurya Period; Small Scale industries based on Natural Resources in Ancient India.

Unit III : Environmental Consciousness in Medieval India: Exploration and use of Natural Resources for Economic Development in Early Medieval India.

Unit IV : Environmental and Ecological Consciousness in Modem India: Over Exploitation of Natural Resources; Establishment of Industries based on Indian Natural Resources; Forest and Wild Life Management in British India

Unit V : Environmental Issues since Independent India

Books Recommended:

1. Dr. Aaradhana Salpekar, Dr. Kadambari Sharma, "Encyclopedia of Ecology and Environment" New Delhi, 2007, Bhartiya KhadiGramododyog Vikas Adhikaran.

2. Mahua Sarkar, Environment and History, Kalpaz Publications, Delhi, 2008

3. Venkateshwaran, Reddy, "Environment Development and the Gender Gap", Sage Publication

4. Shastri, Madhu and Rajesh, Environmental Priorities in India.

5. Bansil, PC., Water Management in India, Concept Pub., 2004

6. "Environmental Degradation : Socio-Economic Consequences, Rawat Pub., New Delhi, 1998

7. M.S. Rathore, Environment and Development, Raw'at Pub., New Delhi, 1996

8. \R. P. Misra, Environment Ethics - A Dialogue of Cultures, Concept Pub., 1995

9. Pravin Sheth, Environmentation - Politics, Ecology of Development, Rawat Pub., New Delhi, 1997 10.Vandana Shiva, Ecology and Politics of Survival, Sage Pub., New Delhi 1991

11.Ranjan Chakraborti, Situating Environmental History (ed) Manohar Pub., New Delhi, 2007 12.Madhav Gadgil and Reamachandra Guha, The Fissured Land : An Ecological History of India, Delhi, 1993

13.Mahesh Rangarajan, Fevering the forest Conservation and Ecological Changes in India's Central Provinces, Delhi, 1996.

14.Ramachandra Guha, Environmentalism - A Global History, New Delhi 2000

15. Tapan Kumar Chattopadhyay, India and the Ecology Question, Kolkata 1999



PAPER CODE: HISCWP-III(B)

NAME OF THE PAPER: History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (12th century to Anglo-Koch Treaty)

Unit-I: a) Sources of the History of Kamata and Cooch Behar

b) Literary sources: indigenous and foreign.

c) Archaeological and Numismatic sources.

d) Myths and oral traditions.

Unit-2: a) Political condition of the Teesta-Brahmaputra Valley on the eve of the emergence to the Kamrup-Kamata Kingdom.

b) Rise and fall of the Khen kingdom.

Unit-3: a) Advent of the Koches in the Teesta- Brahmaputra Region.

b) Territorial expansion under Naranarayan: The birth of the Koch kingdom Empire.

c) Internal Dissension and the division of the kingdom empire.

d) Muslim invasions and Koch resistance.

e) The trade, commerce and industrial canvas.

f) Art, architecture and literature.

Unit-4: Koch-Bhutan Relations:

a) Bhutanese invasions in Koch Kingdom and its impact.

b) Background of the Anglo-Koch Treaty.

PAPER CODE: CWP-III(A) (Course Work Paper)

PAPER NAME : Political History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200A.D)

Unit I : Sources, Origin and functions of state:

a.Sources

b.Divine Theory

c.Social-Contract Theory

d.Aims and functions of State

Unit II : Vedic Polity

a. Origin of Kingship, Growth of royal power

b. Sabha and Samiti

c. Administrative Organization

Unit III : Mahajanapadas, Republics and Kingdoms: Rise of Territorial States

a. The Mauryan Empire: Extent and character of the Mauryan Empire

b. Mauryan Administration

c. The Sungas, Kanvas, Indo-Greeks, Sakas- Pallavas

d. The Kushanas.

e. The Satavahanas and Western Khatrapas.

UNIT IV : The Guptas,Vakatakas and Vardhanas

a. Political consolidation-extent and structure

b. Gupta Administration

c. Huna invasion

Unit V : Harshabardhan, Sasanka of Gouda, Chalukyas, Pallavas and the Cholas

a.Extent of kindoms

b.Harsha's Administration

c.Chola Administration

d. Palas

e. Senas

Books Recommended:

1. F.E.Pargitar, Ancient Indian Historical Tradition, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi
2. F.E.Pargitar, The Purana Text of the Dynasties of the Kali Age, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi
3. PV. Kane, History of Dharmashastra, V Vols. Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona
4. Ramgopal, India of Vedic Kalpasutras, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi
5. U.N. Ghoshal, A History of Indian Political Ideas, Oxford Univ. Press, Bombay'
6. A.S. Altekar, State and Government in Ancient India, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi 1996
7. K.P. Jayaswal, Hindu Polity: A Constitutional History of India in Hindu Times, 2 Parts, Eastern Book House, Patna, 1988
8. Radha Krishna Choudhury, Pracheen Bhartiya Rajniti Aur Shasan, Bharti Bhawan, Patna
9. Parmatma Sharan, Pracheen Bharat Mein Rajnitik Vichar evam Sansthayen.
10. R.S. Sharma, Prachin Bhartiya Rajnitik Vichar evam Sansthayen.
11. R.C. Majumder (ed.) The History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. 1-5.
12. K.A.Nilkantha Sastri, A History of South India.
13. V.R.Ramchandra Dikshitar, The Mauryan Polity, Madras. 1932.
14. R.S. Sharma, Origine of the State in India.
15. D.C. Sirkar, Studies in the Political and Administrative System in Ancient India and Medieval India. 16. R.Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas.
17 R.Thapar, History of India, Vol-I.
18. B.C. Law, India as described in Early Texts of Budhim and Jainism.
19. R.S. Sharma, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
20. A.L. Basham, The Wonder That Was India.
21. Hemchandra Ray Chaudhury, Political History of Ancient India.
22. J.P. Sharma, Republics in Ancient India, c 1500 BC-500 BC.
23. R. K. Mukherjee, Local Government in Ancient India

PAPER CODE: CWP-III(B) (COURSE WORK PAPER)

PAPER NAME: Political History of Medieval India (C 1200 -1750AD)

Unit I: Sultanate:

A. Historiography and Sources.

B. Political Structure: 1206-1290, 1290-1450, and 1450-1526.

a. Expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate;

b. Central structure and military organization;

c. iqta;

d. territorial changes;

e.Mongol Threat;

f.Relations with rural intermediaries;

g. Legitimation of political authority;

i. Theories of Kingship;

j.Symbols and rituals of sovereignty;

k. Relations with autonomous chieftains;

C. Vijaynagar and Bahamani kingdom: Central, provincial and local administration

Unit-II: Establishment of Mughal rule and Mughal- Afgan conflict:

(a) Historiography and sources

(b) Babar's invasion and establishment of the Mughal rule in India

(c) Humayun's struggle for empire

(d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reforms

Unit- III: Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar, Zahangir , Shahjahan & Aurangzeb:

(a) Campaigns and conquests.

(b) Formation and evolution of the Mughal ruling class, nobilities.

(c) Mughal administration: central, provincial and village administration, Mansabdari and Jagirdari

system.

(d) Policy of North-West frontier, Central Asian policy and the Deccan Policy

Unit IV: Systematic Crisis and Collapse

a. Tensions and conflicts inherent in the Imperial system

b. Pattern of Resistance, Collapse of Empire and

c. Emergency regional states

(i) Bengal under the Mughals.

(ii) Maratha: Rise of Shibaji and Maratha administration.

(iii) Rajput: Rajput policy of the Mughals, Rajput-Mughal conflicts.

Unit V: Interpreting Eighteen Century Polity (Up to 1750)

Books Recommended:

1. R.P. Tripathi, Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
2. G.S.Sardesai, Rise of the Maratha Power 20
3. Mohamad Habib & Khalil Ahmad Nizami, Delhi Sultanate, Bhag 1-4 (In Hindi)
4. J.L. Mehta, Madhyakalin Bharat Ka Brihat Itihas, Bhag 1 -3 (In Hindi)
5. Irfan Habib (ed.) Madhyakalin Bharat, Bhag 1 -4 (In Hindi)
6. I.H. Qureshi, The Administration of Delhi" Sultanate, Lahore, 1944
7. M.B. Ahamad, The Administration of Justice in Medieval India, Aligarh, 1941
8. U.N. Dey, Administrative System of Delhi Sultanate.
9. Madhab Chandra Adhikary, Impact of Adminitrative Reforms in Social Transition in India During the Period of the Mughals (1526-1707)
10. Satish Chandra, Medieval India
11. Sir Jadunath Sarkar, History and History Writing of Mughal India
12.----------History of Aurangzeb 5 Vols
13.----------,Studies in Mughal India
14.----------,Study of the Eighteen Century
15.----------, Shivaji and His Time
16.N. K. Sinha, Rise of Sikh Power
17.R.P. Khosla, Mughal Kingship and Nobility
18.A. L. Srivastav, The Mughal Empire
19.J. B. Tavernier, Travels in India
20.R.C. Majumder, The Mughal Empire
21.----------, The Maratha Supremacy
22.Ranade, The Rise of the Maratha Power
23.I.S. Qureshi, Mughal Administration.
24.Abdul Aziz,Mansabdary System and the Mughal Army

25.Aniruddha Ray, Some Aspects of the Mughal Administration.
26.J F. Richards, Mughal Administration
27.A.B.M Habibullah, The Foudations of Muslim Rule in India
28.V. A Smith , Akbar the Great Mughals.
29.Elliot and Dowson,History of India as told by its own Historians, Vols .III and IV
30.Habibullah, A. B. M. ,The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, 1961
31.Lane Poole, Medieval IndiaP, Saran, Studies in Medieval Indian History
32.R.P. Tripathi, Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
33.R.P. Tripathi, Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire
34. Sir Wolseley Haig, Cambridge History of India, Vol. III
35.Ziauddin Barani, Tarikh-i- Firoz- Shahi 36.A.S. Beveridge, Memoirs of Babur
37.Grenard, Fernand, Babur, First of the Moghals,1930
38.William Rushbrook, An Empire Builder of the Sixteenth Century,1918
39. Sri Ram Sharma, The Mughal Empire in India
40.Iswari Prashad, The life and Times of Humayun
41.Abul Fazal ,Ain-i-Akbari
42.----------Akbarnamah
43.Makhan Lal Choudhury, Din-i-Ilahi
44.William Irvine, Army of the Indian Mughals
45.Moreland W.H., India at the Death of Akbar
46.----------India from Akbar to Aurangazeb



PAPER CODE: HISCWP – III(C) (COURSE WORK PAPER)

PAPER NAME: Political History of Modern India (1757-1947 AD)

Unit I : Rise of British Colonialism in India

d. East India Company: Nature, Structure and policy
e. Princely States from Hastings to Dalhousie
f. Armature Colonial State: Army, Law and Policy

Unit II : Strategies of Imperial Control:

e. Colonial Ideologies: Orientalism, Utilitarianism, Whiggism, Missionary, Evangelicalism
f. The Colonial State: Administrative changes
g. The Bureaucratic Apparatus: Recruitment and Training
h. Declaration of the British Crown and its impact on Indian

Unit III: Select Issues in the History of Nationalism in India

d. The Indian intelligentsia; intellectual cross-currents; print, press, societies, associations and socio-political reforms
e. The Indian Polity and the Early Congress
f. Traditionalist and Modern Politics; conflicts and riots

Unit IV: Towards Independence

e. The Swadeshi Movement and its Aftermath
f. Revolutionary Nationalism
g. Congress and Social Groups and Class: Untouchables, Capitalist, Peasants and Workers
h. Transfer of Power and Independence

Select Readings:

1. P. Lawson, The East India Company: A History, London: Longmans, 1993.
2. R. Barnett, Rethinking Early Modern India, Manohar, New Delhi, 2002.
3. D. Peers, India under Colonial Rule 1700-1885, Harlow and London: Pearson Longmans, 2006.
4. J. Malcolm, Political History of British India from 1784 to 1823, New Delhi, Associatated Pub. House 1970 22

5. T.R. Metcalf, Ideologies of the Raj: The New Cambridge History of India, III.4, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

6. Thomas R. Metcalf, The Aftermath of Revolt: India, 1857-1870, New Delhi, Manohar, 1990.

7. Partha Sarathi Gupta and A. Deshpande (eds.), The British Raj and Its Indian Armed Forces, 1857-1939, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2002 .

8. Barbara N. Ramusack, The Indian Princes and their States, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2004.

9. L.S.S. O'Malley, Indian Civil Service, 1601-1930, London: John Murray, 1934.

10. Anil Seal The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, London: Cambridge University Press,1971.

11. J. R. McLane Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1977.

12. Rajat Ray Social Conflict and Political Unrest in Bengal, 1875-1927, Delhi ; New York : Oxford University Press, 1984.

13. C.A. Bayly The Local roots of Indian Politics: Allahabad, 1880-1920, Oxford 1975.

14. Sumit Sarkar, The Swadeshi Movement in Benga; Permanent Black, New Delhi, 1973.

15. Peter Hardy The Muslims of British India, London, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

16. David Lelyveld, Aligarh's First Generation: Muslim Solidarity in British India, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1978.

17. Tapan Raychaudhuri, Europe Reconsidered: Perceptions of the West in Nineteenth century Bengal. Delhi; New York: Oxford University Press, 1988.

18. Partha Chatterjee, Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1993.

PAPER CODE: HISRP- I (RESEARCH PAPER)

TERM PAPER, SEMINAR AND VIVA-VOCE

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE	DESCRIPTION	MARKS				CREDIT
		ESE	CE	A	Total	
Research paper (RP-II)	History of Contemporary India (C.E.1947-2000)	75	20	5	100	5
Research paper (RP-III) ANY ONE	History of Science Technology and Medicine in India	75	20	5	100	5
	History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)					
Research paper(RP-IV) ANY ONE	i.Socio-cultural and Economic History of Ancient India (Vedic Period to 1200 A.D)	75	20	5	100	5
	ii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Medieval India (1200 to 1750 A.D)/					
	iii. Socio-cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757 to 1947 A.D.)					
Final Submission Research Work (RP-V)	Final Dissertation	75	20	5	100	5
		300	80	20	400	20

PAPER CODE: HISRP-II

PAPER NAME: Contemporary India (1947-2000)

Unit I : Nehru Era: a. Making of Constitution

b. Challenges before Indian States and National Integration

c. Elections and Political Parties d. Foreign policy of India under Nehru Unit

II : Breakdown of Congress System:

a. L. B. Shastri and Indo-Pak relation

b. New Political Alignment c. Indira Gandhi - War of 197

Unit III : a. Nationalization, Green Revolution,

b. Emergency

c. Movement of J.P.

d. Janta Party Rule

Unit IV : a. Return of Indira Gandhi

b. Rajiv Gandhi and New Economic Policy

c. Emergence of New Hindu Nationalism

Unit V : a. Mandal Politics of 1990's and V. P. Singh

b. Temple Movement and consolidation of Hindu Nationalist Movement

c Post LPG Economic Reform Movement and its consequences Books

Recommended:

1. Bipan Chandra, India After Independence

2. D. D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India

3. V. P. Dutt, Badalti Duniya Mein Bharat Ki Videsh Niti

4. B. R. Naddha, Indian Foreign Policy: The Nehru Years, 1976

5. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, 1986

6. Daniel Thomer, The Shaking of Modem Iijdja, 1980

7. Hiranmay Kerlelkar, Independent India: The First Fifty Years, 1998

8. Paul R. Brass, The Politics Of India since Independence, 1992

9. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India, 1997

10. Partho Chatteijee (ed.) Wages of Freedom 'fifty years the Indian Nation State, 1998.

11.Ramchandra Guha, India After Gandhi, Penguin

12.Ramchandra Guha, India After Nehru,Penguin

13.Chatterjee Partha, The Nation and its Fragmanet: Colonial and Post Colonial Histories.

14.M.S. Rajan, Non-Alignment and Non-alignment Movement

15.Kohily Atul(ed), The Success of India's Democracy

16.Oldenburg, Philip, India, Pakistan and Democracy: Solving the Puzzle of Divergent Paths

PAPER CODE: HISRP-III(A)

PAPER NAME : History of Science and Technology

Unit I : a. Introduction - Science and Technology in Ancient Times - Greece, Rome and India - Progress of Science and Technology. b. Renaissance in Europe - Copernicus, Galileo, Da Vinci - Scientific Societies - Newton – Harvey

Unit II : a. Development in Astronomy - Aryabhatta, Varahmihira and Bhaskar -1 b. Development in Medicine and Surgery - Charaka and Sushruta, c. Astronomy in the Arab world and its impact on Sawai Jai Singh

Unit III : a. Science and Technology in 20th Century - Einstein, Roentgen, Madam Curie and Radium, Rutherford; Atom Bomb.

b. Progress of National Science in India - J. C. Bose, P. C. Roy, S. Ramanujam, Homi Bhabha, Hargovind Khorana, APJ Abdul Kalam.

Books Recommended:

1. Stephen Hawking, A Brief History of Time.

2. APJ Abdul Kalam, Wings of Fire.

3. D. B. Chattapadhyaya, History of SciShivnath Jharkhandi, Bhartiya Jyotish.

5. O.P. Jaggi, Science and Technology in Medieval India 1977, Delhi Scientists of Ancient India and their Achievements, Delhi.

6. History of Greek, Cambridge by T. I. Heath.

7. G. Prasad, Bhartiya Jyotish Ka Itihas, Lucknow.

8. Samrendra Nath Sen, Vigyan Ka Itihas, Bihar Hindi Granth Akadami, Patna (In Hindi).

9. B. C. Sharma, Education Science and Literature in the Gupta Age.

10.Irfan Habib, Technology in Medieval India, Tulika Books, Aligarh Historian Society.

11.Vijay Lakshmi Sharma, Antarashtriya Pariprekshya Mein Bhartiya Vigyan, Radhakrishna Prakashan, New Delhi, 1990 (In Hindi).

12. Singer, C. et, al, (eds.), A History of Technology 5 Vols., Oxford, 1954-58

13.V. K. Thakur & K. K. Mandal (eds.), Science, Technology and Medicine in Indian History, Janki Prakashan, Patna.

14.N. R. Banerjee, The Iron Age in India, Delhi, 1965.

15.V. K. Thakur, Technology and Social Change : Iron in Early India, Patna, 1996.

16.D. M. Bose, et. al. (ed.), A Concise History ofScience in India, New Delhi, 1972.

17.R. S. Sharma, Material Cultural and Social Formation in Ancient India, Delhi. 1983.



PAPER CODE: HISRP-III(B)
PAPER NAME: History of Kamata and Cooch Behar (Tributary State to Merger with the Union of India)

Unit-1: a) The Anglo-Koch Treaty and extinction of the Independent.

b) Foundation and consolidation of the Company's rule: conflict and confrontation.

c) Beginning of modernization

d) Reforms of the land revenue system

Unit-2: a) Nripendra Narayan and his times

b) Brahma Samaj in Cooch Behar and its Impact on education and culture

c) Religion, education, literature, music, games and sports

Unit-3: a) Thakur Panchanan Barma and his social movement

b) Thoughts of Thakur Panchanan Barma: Political, Social and Economic

c) Thakur Panchanan Barma and emancipation of women

Unit-4: a) Society- Rajbanshis, Muslims, Tribals and other communities

b) Land revenue systems and agrarian relations

c) Industry

d) Trade and commerce

Unit- 5: a) Regency rule: Maharani Indira Devi.

b) Indian National movement and the Maharajas of Cooch Behar.

c) Birth of Hitasadhani Sabha, Praja Mandal and the State Congress.

d) Accession to the union of India, Merger and Anti-Merger Politics.

e) Post merger scenario.

Books recommended for CC- 6 and 7

1) S.P. Sen (ed): Modern Bengal: A Socio-Economic Survey

2) R.C.Majumdar: Glimpses of Bengalin the 19th century..

3) N.K.Sinha: Economic History of Bengal, Vol- I & II.

4) N.N.Acharya: The History of Medieval Assam.

5) S.N.Bhattacharya: Mughal North-East Frontier Policy.

6) Mackenzie: The North-East Frontier of India.

7) M.Neogi: Sankardev and his predicessors.

8) R.M.Lahiri: The Annexation of Assam.

9) Munshi Joynath Ghosh: Rajopakshan, Edited by Biswanath Das.

10)Khan Chowdhury Amanatullah Ahamed: Cooch Beharer Ithihas.

11) K.L.Barooah: Early History of Kamrupa: From earliest time to the end of the sixteenth century.

12)Harendra Narayan Chowdhury: The Cooch Behar State and its Land Revenue Settlements.

13) Arabinda Dev: Bhutan and India: A Study in Frontier Political Relations (1772-1865).

14) D.Nath: History of Koch Kingdom (1515-1645).

15)Upendra Nath Barman: Uttar Banger Sekal O Amar Jiban Smriti.

16) Upendra Nath Barman: Rajbanshi Kshatriya Jatir Itihas.

17) Upendra Nath Barman: Thakur Panchanan Barmar Jiban Charit.

18)Madhab Chandra Adhikary; Rajbanshi Samaj O Manisi Panchanan Barma

19)Arun Bhushan Majumdar: Pratyush O Prodosh Kaler Kamata Cooch Behar.

20) Ratna Roy Sanyal: The Raj and the Princely State of Cooch Behar: A Study of Anglo-Koch Relations 1772-1839.

21)N.G.Rhodes and S.k. Bose: The Coinage of Cooch Behar

22) Suniti Kumar Chatterjee: Kirat-Jana-Kriti, the Indo-Mongoloids their Contribution to the History and Culture of India

23) P.K.Bhattacharya, The Kingdom of Kamata Koch Behar in Historical Perspective

24) S.C.Ghosal, A History of Cooch Behar.

25E.A.Gait, The Koch Kings of Kamrupa

26)B.N.Mukherjee and P.K. Bhattacharya, (Ed) Early Historical Perspective of North Bengal. 27)Arun Bhusan Majumdar, Bhutan Past and Present.

28)Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Land and Livelihood: A Study of Agro-Political Movements of a Bengal District, Jalpaiguri.

29)Kartik Chandra Sutradhar and Amit Roy (Ed), Society, Economy and Environment of Tista-Brahmaputra Valley.

30) Kartik Chandra Sutradhar, Kamrup-Kamata-Cooch Beharer Itihas.

31)Sukhbilas Barma, (ed)Socio-Political Movement of North Bengal.

32)Sukhbilash Barma, Indomitable Panchanan

33)Sailen Debnath, Social and Political Tension in North Bengal Since 1947.

PAPER CODE : RP-IV(A) (RESEARCH PAPER)

PAPER NAME : Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Ancient India(Vedic Period to 1200 AD)

Unit I : Ancient Indian Society:

a. Sources

b.Social Structure: Varna System, , Untouchables,Caste System

c. Untouchables, Slavery, Labour, Varnashankara

d. Position of Shudras

e. Marriage and property right f. Position of women

Unit II : Social Institutions

a.Ashram System and Purushartha

b.Sanskar and Marriage

c.Education - Nature and Aims

d.Educational Centres - Taxshila and Nalanda

Unit III : Indian Economy up to Gupta Period:

a.Vedic Economy

b.Second Urban Economy prior to Mauryas

c.Mauryan and Shunga Economy

d.Gupta Economy

Unit IV : Science and Technology .

a. Major Development of Medicine and Surgery .

b. Astrology and Astrono

c.Metallurgy, Mathematics and Geometry

Unit V : Trade and Commerce

a. Internal Trade

b. Foreign Trade

c. Trade Routes

d. Exchange and Coin

Unit VI : Debate on Feudalism

Unit VII : Art and Architecture

a. Mauryan and Sunga Art and Architecture

b. Gupta Art and Architecture

c. Pallava Art and Architecture

d. Chola Art and Architecture

e. Music

Unit VIII : Literature

a. Sangam Literature

b. Sanskrit Literature

Unit IX : Religion and Philosophy

a.Religion: Shaivism, Vaishnavism, Tantrism, Jainism, Buddhism, Judaism, and Islam

b.Philosophy: Six Schools of Philosophy, Vedanta and Mimamsa

Books Recommended:

1. R.S Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi, 1983 (Also in Hindi) 28

2. D.N. Jha, Ancient India in Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998

3. D.DKosambi, The Culture and Civilization Ancient India in Historical Outline, 4th ed. Vikas Pub., New Delhi, 1976

4. Julius Jolly, Hindu Law and Customs, Bharatiya Pub. House, Varanasi, 1975

5. A.S. Altekar, Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi, 1965

6. Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History, Orient Longman, Hyderabad 1978

7. Jaishankar Mishra, Pracheen Bharat Ka Itihas, Biha&Hindi Granth Academy, Patna (in Hindi)

8. Om Prakash,Pracheen Bhartiya Samaj Evam Aarthvyavastha, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

9. Shivrup Sahay, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Evam Aarthik Itihas, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

10. P. V. Kane, Dharmashastra Ka Itihas, (In 5 Parts), Bhandarkar Research Institute, Puna, 1968-77

11.Kailash Chandra Jain, Pracheen Bhartiya Samajik Evam Aarthik Sansthaye, r Madhya Pradesh, Delhi Granth Academy, Bhopal (in Hindi)

12.R.S Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi, 1983 (Also in Hindi)

13.D.N. Jha, Ancient India in Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998

14.D.D. Kosambi, The Culture and Civilization Ancient India in Historical Outline, 4th ed. Vikas Pub., New Delhi, 1976

15.Julius Jolly, Hindu Law and Customs, Bharatiya Pub. House, Varanasi, 1975

16.A.S. Altekar, Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarasidas, Delhi, 1965

17.Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History, Orient Longman, Hyderabad 1978

18.Jaishankar Mishra, Pracheen Bharat Ka Itihas, Biha&Hindi Granth Academy, Patna (in Hindi)

19.Om Prakash,Pracheen Bhartiya Samaj Evam Aarthvyavastha, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

20. Shivrup Sahay, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Evam Aarthik Itihas, Moti Lai Banarasidas, Delhi (in Hindi)

21. P. V. Kane, Dharmashastra Ka Itihas, (In 5 Parts), Bhandarkar Research Institute, Puna, 1968-77

22.Kailash Chandra Jain, Pracheen Bhartiya Samajik Evam Aarthik Sansthaye, r Madhya Pradesh, Delhi Granth Academy, Bhopal (in Hindi)

23. P.N. Banerjee, A Study of Indian Economy

24. P.N. Banerjee, A History of Indian Taxation

25. S.K.Das, Economic History of Ancient India

26. S.G. A. Hussain, Economic History of Ancient India

27.M.A. Buck, Economic Life in Ancient India

28.H.P. Chhakra, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India

29.M.P Charls Worth, Roman Trade With India

30.Balram Srivastava, Trade and Commerce in Ancient India

31.B. Chattopadhyay, The Age of kushana

32.N.R. Baneijee, The Iron Age in India, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1965

33.G.L. Adhya, Early Indian Economics : Studies in Economic Life of Northern And Western India (C200B.C - 300A.D.)

34.Radhakrishna Chaudhary, Ashok Kumar, Pracheen Bharat Ka Aarthik Itihas, Janki Prakashan, Patna (in Hindi)

35.Om Prakash, Pracheen Bharat Ka Samajik Aur Aarthik Itihas, (2 Parts) New Age International, New Delhi (in Hindi)

36.Krishan Dutt Bajpai, Bhartiya Vyapaar Ka Itihas, Math Mathura (In Hindi)

37. Sri Ram Goyal, Vedic Aur Janpadyugin Bharat, Meghna Prakashan, Jodhpur (Hindi)

38. Shashi Anand, Maurya Kal Me Vitiye Vyavastha, Classical Pub., New Delhi (in Hindi)

39.R.S. Sharma, Pracheen Bharat Ka Aarthik Avam Samaj ik Itihas, Delhi University (in Hindi)

40.O.K. Gupta, Pracheen Bharat Me Vyapar, Vishwabharti, 2004 (in Hindi)

41.B.P Sahu, Iron and Social Change in Early India, OUP, N. Delhi, 2007

42.R.C. Majumder(ed.) The History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. 1-5.

43. N. Subrahmanium, Sangam polity: The Administration and Social life of the Sangam Tamils.

44. F. Engels, The Origin of the Family, Private Property and the State.

45. S.A. Dange, India from Primitive Communism to Slavery.

46.B.C. Law, India as described in Early Texts of Budhism and Jainism.

47. S.V. Ketkar, The History of Caste in India.

48.R.S. Sharma,The State and Varna Formation in the Mid- Ganga Plains.

49. Subira Jaiswal, The Origin and Development of Vaisnavism.

50. S. Radhakrishna, History of Indian Philosophy.

51. S. Dasgupta, History of Indian Philosophy.



PAPER CODE: RP-III(B) (RESEARCH PAPER)
Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Medieval India (C 1200-1750 AD)

Unit I : Formation of Regional Identities Movement and Cult:

h. Jagannath cult in Orissa,
i. Vaishanvite movment in Eastern India,
j. Warkari movement and Vithoba Cult in Maharastra,
k. Rishi tradition in Kshmir,
l. Vira-shaiva in Karnataka,
m. Acharyas and Madhos in Tamil region,
n. Ascendency of Namboodris in Kerala and clan and community solidarity.

Unit II :Bhakti and Sufi Movements

a. Sufism: Its origin, concepts and practices, relation with other religious group
b. Bhakti: Nathpanthis, Kabir, Sant tradition, Nanak, Dadu, Chaitanya, Tulsidas, Namdev,Mirabai, Mahadevi Akka

Unit III: Social and religious Life of India in Medieval period

a. King
b. Nobles
c. Middle Classes
d. Lower Classes
e. Caste system
f. Customs
g. Education,
h. Fair and festivals
i. Food and dress
j. Position of women
k. Town and town life –Artisans and Slaves
l. Religion- Hindu religion, Sikh religion and Islam . State attitude towards the Hindus
n. Hindu and Muslim relation

Unit-IV :Economic life of India in Medieval period

a. Agrarian class and Production, Village society and revenue system

b. Non-agrarian productions:- Textiles, Metallurgy, Building industry, other Crafts including paper making

c. Land System, Iqta system, Ownership of land,

d. Jaigirdary system and its crisis

e. Urban and rural Economy

f. Standard of living

Unit V : Trade and Commerce:

a. Inland and Maritime

b. Inland and Maritime trade under Vijayanagar Empire

c. Inland and Maritime trade under Bahmani Kingdom

d. Inland and Foreign trade under great Mughals.

e. Role of foreign trading companies and Position of the Indian Merchants

f. Trend of India's Economy and Prospects during the First Half of the Eighteen Century

Unit VI : Growth of Cities and towns u under the Sultanate period:

a. Growth of Cities and towns under the Great Mughals

b. Karkhana and Industries under the Sultanate Period, Vijayanagar empire

c. Karkhanas and industries under the Great Mughals d. Coins and Guild system in medieval period

Unit VII : Science and Technology

Unit VII : Art and Literature

a. Architecture under the Delhi Sultanate

b. Architecture under the Mughals

c. Growth of literature under the Delhi Sultanate

d. Growth of literature under the Mughals

e. Paintings in the Mughal Period

f. Development of Music in Mughal Period

Books Recommended:

1. Irfan Habib, Agrarian System in Mughal India

2. J. L. Metha, Advanced Study in History of Medieval India

3. W. H. Moreland, The Agrarian System of Moslem India

4. P.N. Ojha, Aspects of Medieval Indian Society and Culture
5. P.N. Ojha, North Indian Social Life During the Mughal Period
6. Vijay Kr. Thakur, Towns in Pre - Modem India
7. Satish Chandra, History of Medieval India
8. K.L. Khurana, Medieval India
9. K. M. Ashraf, Hindustan Ke Niwasiyo Ka Jeevan Aur Unki Paristhitiyan (In Hindi)
10. Akhilesh Jayaswal, Madyakalm Bharat Ka Itihas (In Hindi)
11. Radhe Sharan, Madyakalin Bharat Ka Samajik Aur Aarthik Itihas (In Hindi)
12. W.H. Morland, Akbar Se AurangjebTak, (Trans.) K.K, Triwedi (In Hindi)
13. RHC. Saxena, Madhyakalin Itihas Ke Arthik Pahloo, Jaipur (In Hindi)
14. R. K. Paruthi, Madhyakalin Itihas Ke Arthik Itihas, Delhi (In Hindi)
15. Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History, OUP
16. P.N. Chopra, Society and Culture During the Mughal Age
17. Tara Chand, Influence of Islam on Indian Culture
18. Satish Chandra, Medieval Indian Society
19. Fergussion, History of Indian and Eastern Architecture
20. Percy Brown, Indian Architecture
21. B.W. Lunia, Evaluation of Indian Culture
22. John Marshall, Monuments of Muslim India
23. Z.A. Desai, Indo Muslim Architecture
24. Syed Abdul Latif,(ed.), Culture History of India
25. Yusuf Huddian, Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture
26. Mohammad Yasin, A Social history of Islamic India
27. Ishwari Prasad, A Short History of Muslim India
28. J.N. Sarkar, Studies in Mughal Empire
29. B.P. Saxena, History of Shahjahan of Delhi
30. Woolsley Haig (ed.), Cambridge History of India,Vol.IV -V
31. Rizvi, The Wonder That Was India
32. Harish Chandra Varma, Madhya Kalin Bharat Ka Itihas, Part 1 - 2 (In Hindi)
33. A.L. Srivastava, Madhya Kalin Bharat Ka Samaj Evam Sanskriti (In Hindi)
34. S.K.De, Early History of the Vaisnava Faith and Movement in Bengal
35. R. Sewell, A Forgotten Empire

PAPER CODE: RP-IV(C) (RESEARCH PAPER)
Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Modern India (1757-1947A.D.)

Unit I : Social History of Modern India

a. Colonial State: Caste, gender and politics
b. Women and Social Reform: Sati, Widow Remarriage, Pardah, Child Marriage,
c. Women Education
d. Rise of New Classes: Middle Classes and Labour
e. Emergence of Caste Association

Unit II: Cultural History of Modern India

a. Popular Culture in Colonial India
b. British Culture in Colonized land: Painting, Theatre and Clubs
c. Indian intelligentsia: Painting, Drama, Music and Literature
d. Fair and Festivals

Unit III: Indian Economy

a. Sources of Economic History: Different approaches and their Limitations
b. Rural Economy: Land and agriculture, Artisan and Handicraft,
c. Land revenue Systems and Commercial Law
d. Colonial Infrastructure: Railway and Irrigation
e. Trade and Finance in Colonial India

Unit III: Debate in Socio-Cultural and Economic History of Modern India

a. Age of Consent Bill
b. debates around Sanskritization
c. Women marginalization in P ular Culture
d. Deindustrialization

Select Readings:

1. Bayly, Susan, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.

2. Chandra, Sudhir, The Oppressive Present: Literature and Social Consciousness in Colonial India. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992.

3. Dube, Ishita-Banerjee (ed.), Caste in History, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2008.

4. Forbes, Geraldine, Women in Modern India. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 34 1996.

5. Sarkar, Sumit, Writing Social History. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.

6. Ravinder Kumar, Essays in the Social History of Modern India, Oxford University Press, 1983.

7. Forbes, Geraldine, Women in Modern India (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1996)
8. Gupta, Charu, Sexuality, Obscenity, Community: Women, Muslims and the Hindu Public in Colonial India (Permanent Black, Delhi, 2001)
9. Bakhle, Janaki. 2005. Two Men and Music: Nationalism in the Making of a Modern Classical Tradition. Delhi: Permanent Black.
10. Ghosh, Anindita. 2006. Power in Print: Popular Publishing and the Politics of Language and Culture in a Colonial Society, 1778-1905. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
11. Guha-Thakurta, Tapati. 2004. Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institutions of Art in Colonial and Post-Colonial India. New York: Columbia University Press.
12. Dharma Kumar, Land and Caste in South India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge,1965.
13. Ranajit Guha, A Rule of Property in Bengal: An Essay on the Idea of Permanent Settlement, Duke University Press, New Delhi, 1982.
14. Asiya Siddiqui (ed.), Trade and Finance in Colonial India 1750-1860, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1995.
15. B.B Chaudhury, Growth of Commercial Agriculture in Bengal 1757-1900, Calcutta, 1964.
16. K.N. Raj et al (eds.), Commercialisation of Indian Agriculture, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1985.
17. Sabyasachi Bhattacharya, The Financial Foundations of the British Raj, Simla, Indian Institute of Advanced Study, 1971.
18. Dharma Kumar ed., The Cambridge Economic History of India, ii (Orient Longmans, Delhi 1984), selected portions.

PAPER CODE: RP-V (FINAL SUBMISSION OF RESEARCH WORK) DISSERTATION, SEMINAR AND VIVA -VOCE

